THE

Caledonian Mercury.

No. 9172. EDINBURGH, SATURDAY, JUNE 17, 1780.

Just Published, Price 5 s. in boards,

PART I.

A NEW SYSTEM of GENERAL GEOGRAPHY,

explaining the Principles of that Science in a simple and regular manner; with a View of the Solar System, and of the Seasons of the Year, all over the Globe; together with the most essential parts of the Natural History of the Earth, according to the latest discoveries.

By E. MACFAIT, M. D.

The Doctor continues to teach the different parts of MATHEMATICS in Theory and Practice; likewise his usual System of ANTIENT and MODERN GEOGRAPHY; and proposes just now to begin a Class of GEOGRAPHY for *Young Ladies*, at his house a little below the foot of the Horse Wynd.

ARTHUR MASSON, M. A. Teacher of Languages, having business of some consequence to transact in Edinburgh, intends to embrace the opportunity of the ordinary vacation in Aberdeen for that purpose. During his stay, he wishes to be as useful as possible to the Ladies and Gentlemen who were formerly his scholars. He proposes to devote two or three hours a-day to practical Lessons on the Pronunciation of the English and French Languages; to which others who chuse it, as well as his former scholars, may be admitted. Messrs Balfour, Bell, and Creech, booksellers, will inform with regard to other particulars.

On Wednesday the 12th July, in St Andrew's Chapel, foot of Carrubber's close, at seven in the evening, he will give STRICTURES on LANGUAGE, with Specimens of Reading, in prose and verse, the ENGLISH, FRENCH, and ITALIAN LANGUAGES.—Tickets of admission to be had *gratis* of the Booksellers above mentioned.—To conclude with an ADDRESS to the AUDIENCE.——As it is impossible for Mr Masson to wait personally on the Ladies and Gentlemen, or even to write to them, he begs they will take the trouble to send for tickets.——His stay will be limited, duty as well as gratitude obliging him to resume his Classes at Aberdeen.

When at Edinburgh, he proposes to put to the Press the Ninth Edition of two of his Books, his English Collection, and English Spelling-Book. No less than six thousand copies being printed at every new edition of each—Prompted more by an earnest desire to be useful to the Public, than by the vanity of an Author, he will receive with pleasure hints for their further improvement from those who have hitherto been in the practice of giving them the preference. The publication will be delayed till the remaining copies of the former editions be nearly sold off.

N. B. Mr MASSON's HOUSE in the Old Assembly Close, will be exposed to SALE by Auction, within the house itself, on Wednesday the 12th of July, at twelve o'clock; and the FURNITURE the day after, at eleven o'clock. Any person who purchases the house will find it his interest to purchase likewise several principal pieces of the furniture, which were originally adapted to the house; such as Mirrors, Pictures, Carpets, Marble and Mahogany Tables, Regulator Clock, &c.

MAZZONI,

LADIES and GENTLEMEN's HAIRDRESSER and PERFUMER,

FROM ITALY,

BEGS leave to acquaint the Nobility and Gentry, that he has removed his shop from St Andrew's street, New Town, to Nicolson's street, opposite Allison's Square, where he intends to carry on business. He will wait on those Ladies and Gentlemen who are pleased to honour him with their employment, at their own lodgings, when the most punctual attendance may be depended on. He begs leave to assure them, that nothing in his power shall be wanting to serve them in the most diligent and agreeable manner.

He has just got to hand a complete assortment of PERFUMES, of the very best quality, from foreign markets.

P. MAZZONI, impressed with a sense of gratitude, returns his most sincere thanks to the Nobility and Gentry who have honoured him with their employment, and earnestly solicits a continuance of favours.

EDINBURGH, June 17. 1780.

TO BE SOLD,

A CORNETCY in the Scots Greys, or Second Regiment of Dragoons, at the regulated price of the regiment, and attended with particular advantages to the purchaser.

Apply to James Walker writer to the signet, north St David's street.

COACHES and CHARIOTS.

WANTED to purchase, a few second-handed Coaches, Chariots, and Post Chaises.

Apply to Peter Wilkie coach and harness maker, Cowgate port, Edinburgh; where Coaches and Chariots are made in the most modern and neatest manner. Repairs carefully attended to, and commissions from the country punctually answered.

HORSES, OLD CHAISES, &c. to be ROUPED.

TO be SOLD by roup on Wednesday the 28th June current, at the ... coach yard lately possessed by Mrs Paxton, near the West Port, five o'clock afternoon,

Sundry Draught and Chaise HORSES; also some OLD CHAISES, Harness, two large Corn Chests, Cart Bodies, and other articles.

There is a tack of about thirty-four Acres at Dean to be subset, of which there are 33 years to run, and of about 26 acres more of which there is 21 years to run, also to be subset, making 60 acres in whole, with some houses, and two barns, to be entered to at Martinmas next. Also to be set, the large coach-yard, well, office-houses, and conveniencies, for such number of years as can be agreed on.

For particulars apply to Mr Samuel Watson Sollicitor at Law.

To be SOLD, or LET furnished, and entered to immediately,

MR Hope's HOUSE, fronting the great avenue leading from the city of Edinburgh through Hope Park, with the offices, garden, and little park belonging thereto. The House well supplied with water by a pipe in the kitchen, and the offices contain coach-house, stables, and many other conveniencies. There is good access for carriages by the road at the back of the house. The avenue to the house, with kitchen and flower gardens, and small park, contain about two Scots acres. The house will be let either with or without the furniture.

The subjects will be shown by calling at the house; and ... writer to the signet, North St David's Street, will show the titledeeds, and inform as to other particulars.

AT LONDON FOR LEITH,

THE ANNE,

ALEXANDER GIBBON Master,

now lying at Glasgow Wharf, taking in goods for Leith, and all places adjacent to the Frith of Forth, and will sail the 25th June for certain, with convoy, if any offers, if none, will run it.

Letters, addressed to the master, or Mr Robert ...elair, Glasgow Wharf, will be properly attended to.

SALE OF HABERDASHERY GOODS.

ALEXANDER HUTCHISON respectfully begs leave to acquaint the LADIES, the remaining part of his GOODS are now removed to first flair within the head of Bridge-street, first door, where they are selling considerably below the original cost.—He returns his most grateful acknowledgment to those LADIES who have honoured him with their employment; and, from the sense he has of their repeated favours, is induced to embrace this opportunity of recommending his sister, K. HUTCHISON, who is to carry on business for herself at the above shop. She has just got to hand, Trimmed Hats, Dress Caps, &c. agreeable to the present taste.

THE Copartnery between DAVID SMITH and CO. Tea and Spirit Dealers in the front of the Exchange, Edinburgh, DISSOLVED at Whitsunday last. That branch of business is now carried on, in the same shop, under the firm of STURROCK AND WATSON, by whom the public will be served as formerly, on the lowest and best terms.—It is intreated that those who are indebted to the said David Smith and Co. will pay their accompts to the said Sturrock and Watson, or to John Sturrock tea and spirit dealer, head of the Canongate, who have power to receive and discharge the same.—The said DAVID SMITH has commenced business upon his own account, in that shop next door to the General Post Office, Bridge-street, where his former customers and the public will be served on the very lowest terms.

JAMES HALDANE, Vintner, returns his sincere thanks to the Nobility, Gentry, and others, for favours hitherto experienced; and humbly acquaints them, That he has removed from the Boar's Head Tavern on the Shore, to that commodious Tavern called the GOLF-HOUSE, situated on the Links of Leith; where he will study to merit the countenance of the Public, by accommodating them with what they please to order of the best quality, and by shewing every attention in his power.

N. B. The centrical situation of this house with respect to Edinburgh and Leith, and its convenient distance from both, render it very proper for PRIVATE DANCES; for which it has excellent accommodation, there being one room in particular that will admit of upwards of twenty couples.

EDINBURGH and DUMFRIES DILIGENCE.

Cheap and expeditious travelling from Edinburgh to Dumfries,

By way of Linton, Biel, and Moffat.

A DILIGENCE sets out from Hugh Cameron's, Cowgate-head, Edinburgh, every Tuesday and Friday, at four o'clock morning, and reaches Dumfries the same evening at nine o'clock. Also, a DILIGENCE sets out from the George Inn, Dumfries, the same day and same hour, and arrives at Edinburgh at nine o'clock evening.

The fare from Edinburgh to Dumfries is 1 l. 3 s. allowing 14 pound luggage. All above to pay 2 d. per pound weight. Good conveniency for boxes and parcels, which will be delivered on arrival.

For entry of passengers and parcels for Dumfries and Edinburgh, apply to the said Hugh Cameron, Cowgate-head, Edinburgh, and to Mr Bushby, George Inn, Dumfries.

The proprietors will not be accountable for any money, jewels, plate, watches, writings, China, Glasses, or any other goods of above five pounds value.

** Good beds are kept at the said Hugh Cameron's for passengers.

EDINBURGH and CARLISLE DILIGENCE.

Cheap and expeditious travelling from Edinburgh to London,

by way of Carlisle, Leeds, Sheffield, Newark, and Grantham.

A Genteel NEW DILIGENCE to carry three passengers easily, with good conveniency for boxes and parcels, continues to set out from HUGH CAMERON's, Cowgate-head, Edinburgh, every Tuesday, Thursday, and Sunday, at seven o'clock evening, and reaches Carlisle the next day to dinner, to join the Carlisle and London Post Coach, which sets out every evening for London, Saturdays excepted, and arrives at London in three days. In the above Coach there will be three seats reserved for those travelling southward.—Likewise a Diligence sets out from BECK's Coffee-house, Carlisle, for Edinburgh, the same days, and same hours as above mentioned. In the same Diligence there will be three seats reserved for passengers travelling northward.—Also, from the above mentioned towns there are conveyances to all the best trading towns in England: First, there is a Diligence sets out every morning from Leeds to Manchester, to join the Liverpool Post Coach, which sets out for Liverpool on the arrival of the Leeds Diligence: 2dly, A Diligence sets out also from Leeds every morning at eight o'clock, (Sundays excepted) and arrives at York the same day; from whence it sets out at two, and returns to Leeds the same evening: 3dly, A Diligence sets out from Hull every morning at six o'clock, which meets the Leeds Diligence at the Black Swan, York, at twelve, and sets out from thence for Hull at two: 4thly, There is a Coach sets out from the Angel Inn, Sheffield, for Birmingham, every day (Sundays excepted), where it meets Salop, Stratford, Oxford, Worcester, Glouceſter, Bath, Briſtol, Exeter, Plymouth, &c. &c. machines.

The fare from Edinburgh to Carlisle	L.	1	6
From Carlisle to Leeds		1	10
From Leeds to London		1	12
In all	L.	4	8

The Proprietors will not be accountable for Money, Watches, Jewels, Plate, Writings, China, Glasses, or any Goods above the value of 5 l. unless entered as such, and paid for after the rate of sixteen shillings for every hundred.

For entry of Passengers and Parcels for the Edinburgh and London Coach by Carlisle, apply to the said H. Cameron, Cowgate-head, Edinburgh; and also at A. Wilson Carlisle.

** Good beds are kept at the said H. Cameron's for passengers.

EARL of ELGIN's LIMEWORKS.

At CHARLESTOWN by DUNFERMLINE,

JUNE 19. 1780.

FOR the benefit of the Public, SLACKED LIME, of an exceeding good quality, will be reduced, from the date hereof till Martinmas next, from the former selling price of six shillings, to five shillings and threepence sterling, per chalder, of eighteen bolls, put free on board of ship in this harbour; which, being only threepence halfpenny per boll, is certainly under the rate of that article in any part of the kingdom.

Lime-Shells and Lime-Stones continue to be shipped here, to any extent, at the ordinary established rates; of which the public, by a variety of former advertisements, are now well acquainted.

Letters and commissions, addressed as usual, to John Grant, at Charlestown, by Dunfermline, will meet with the most punctual regard.

LAND TO SET.

TO be SET by public roup, within the house of Mrs Mitchell vintner in Torryburn, upon Saturday the 24th June current, betwixt the hours of ten and eleven in the forenoon, The Farm of PURVISHALL, consisting of about 64 acres, being part of the Lands of Crombie, lying near to Torryburn, in the shire of Fife, for three years from the term of Martinmas next. As also, That Large PARK presently possessed by John Fisher, consisting of 30 acres, and lying contiguous to the said farm of Purvishall: And also the Caliger and Tree PARK, as last possessed by the deceased John Purvis. There is a good dwelling house and office-houses upon the farm of Purvishall, and the ground is all inclosed.

The articles and conditions of roup to be seen in the hands of John Bruce writer in Edinburgh; and Robert Anderson, tenant in Crombie, will show the grounds.

A GENTLEMAN belonging to the Army, intending to set off for Dublin the ensuing week, would be glad of a travelling companion.—Apply to Thomas Rattray writer, Carrubber's close, Edinburgh.——Not to be repeated.

To be SOLD, at CARDONALD HOUSE, near Paisley,

A BEAUTIFUL GUERNSEY BULL, four years old.—For further particulars, apply to Alexander Paul, gardener there.

For TRADESMEN.

BRIDGES to BUILD near DUNBAR.

THE Trustees for the Turnpike-road in the eastern district of the county of Haddington, request, that Tradesmen who may chuse to undertake the building and compleating of Two Bridges on the said road, the one over the water at Westbarns, the other over the water at Broxburn, will, without loss of time, lodge their plans and estimates with Alexander Sawers writer in Dunbar, who will lay the same before the Trustees.

NOTICE.

ALL Persons having any Claim upon the Representatives of the deceased GILBERT AUCHINLECK cutler in Edinburgh, are requested immediately to lodge the documents thereof, with Mrs Macqueen, at her shop at the Nether Bow. And such persons as are still indebted to Mr Auchinleck's Representatives, are entreated, betwixt and Lammas next, to pay in the amount of their bills or accompts to Mrs Macqueen, who has power to discharge them.——If, notwithstanding the notice now and formerly given, any of the accompts or bills shall then remain unpaid, Mr Auchinleck's Representatives will be laid under the disagreeable necessity of taking all legal methods for recovery thereof.——Not to be repeated.

JUDICIAL SALE OF LANDS

In BERWICK-SHIRE and ROXBURGH-SHIRE.

TO be SOLD by Judicial Sale, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, before the Lord Ordinary on the Bills for the time, upon Wednesday the 5th of July next, betwixt the hours of four and five afternoon,

The following HERITABLE SUBJECTS, which belonged to John Thomson, burgess and indweller in Lauder, in the following *Lots or Parcels*.

LOT I. The *Mill and Mill-lands of Redpath*, the Lands called *Lambhole*, and *Piece of Grass Ground*, and *Timber growing thereon*, with the *Teinds*; as also, *These Thirty Acres*, or thereby, *of the Lands of Craighouse*, and *two Husbandlands of Redpath*, with *the Seat in the Church of Earlstown*; all lying in the parish of Earlstown and shire of Berwick. The whole (excepting the Woodbraes, and part called the Dean, in the possession of the said John Thomson,) are possessed in lease by Hugh Yule, of which several years are yet to run.

The proven gross rent is,	L.	22	10 0
The rent of Woodbraes, and part called Dean,		0	9 0
	L.	22	19 0

The upset price is as follows, viz.

The subjects possessed by Hugh Yule, at 14 years purchase of 17 l. 15 s. 5 d. 3-12ths, being the free rent, after deduction of feu, &c. is	L.	248	16 8½
The Woodbraes, at 16 years purchase, is		7	4 0
Total upset price of this lot,	L.	256	0 8½

These subjects hold feu of Mr Baillie of Jerviswood; the mill and machinery are in excellent repair; and the lands, which are very improveable, are situated near the high road leading from Edinburgh to Jedburgh, &c. and at no great distance from coal and lime.

LOT II. The *Lands of Blainslie*, lying in the parish of Melrose and shire of Roxburgh, possessed by Richard Robertson. The gross rent is 23 l. The free rent, after deduction of feu is 20 l. 14 s. 6 d. 2-12ths. The upset price at 20 years purchase is 454 l. 13 s. 4 d.

These lands also hold feu of Mr Baillie, are very improveable, and situated near the high road leading from Edinburgh to Jedburgh, &c. and as there is an eventual liferent ranked upon them, it is probable the price may continue a considerable time in the hands of the purchaser.

The lease of that part of the lands called Roan expires at Whitsunday 1781, and of the rest of the lands at Whitsunday 1786.

SUBJECTS lying in and about the Burgh of LAUDER.

LOT III. The *Northmost Inclosure in Fairneyknows*, possessed by the said John Thomson; as also, the *House*, *Stable*, and *Garden* possessed by William Cavers; with a *Feu-duty* or Rent of 10 s. payable for the Meeting-house adjacent thereto. The gross rent of said northmost park is 6 l. 10 s. The free rent, after deduction of the teind, is 5 l. 4 s. Upset price at 20 years purchase is 104 l. The rent of said house, stable, and garden, is 6 l. 10 s. Upset price at 16 years purchase is 104 l. The rent of the Meeting-house is 10 s. Upset price at 25 years purchase is 12 l. 10 s. Total upset price of this lot 220 l. 10 s.

LOT IV. The *Southmost Park in Fairneyknow*, also possessed by the said John Thomson; as also, that *Tenement of Houses and Yard* formerly belonging to George Renwick, and possessed by John Shillinglaw and others. The gross rent of said inclosure is 8 l. 10 s. The free rent, after deduction of the teind, is 6 l. 16 s. Upset price at 20 years purchase is 136 l. The yearly rent of said tenement of houses and yard is 2 l. 18 s. Upset price, at 10 years purchase, is 29 l. Total upset price of this lot 165 l.

LOT V. The *Nether or Hardmeadow Park*, also possessed by the said John Thomson; as also, that *large Tenement of Houses and Yard* in the middle of the burgh, possessed by William Chatto and others. The gross rent of said Nether Park is 5 l. The free rent, after deduction of teind-duty, is 4 l. Upset price, at 20 years purchase, is 80 l. The rent of said tenement is 6 l. 10 s. Upset price, at 16 years purchase, is 108 l. Total upset price of this lot 188 l.

LOT VI. The *Burgess Acre in Scares-latwside*, possessed by the said John Thomson; as also, that *Tenement of Houses* called Loch's, possessed by William Mitchell and others. The rent of the Burgess Acre is 2 l. 13 s. From which deducting teind, there remains of free rent 1 l. 8 s. Upset price, at 35 years purchase, is 49 l. The rent of said tenement is 2 l. The upset price, at 9 years purchase, is 18 l. Total upset price of this lot is 67 l.

LOT VII. The *Burgess Acre in Gallastet*, possessed by the said John Thomson; as also, that *large Tenement of Houses*, lying in the Mid-row of Lauder, with the *Offices* and *Stables* lying opposite thereto, possessed by the said John Thomson and Matthew Bridie. The gross rent of said Acre is 2 l. 10 s. From which deducting teind, there remains 2 l. The upset price, at 29 years purchase, is 58 l. The proven rent of the said dwelling-house is 9 l. which, at 18 years purchase, is 162 l. Total upset price of this lot is 220 l.

Note. These Burgess Acres intitle the purchaser to be made burgess of the burgh, and to all the privileges attending the freedom thereof, and several other valuable privileges annexed to the Burrow Acres of this burgh.

These three parks in Fairneyknow and Hardmeadow, with the tenement of houses and yard possessed by William Cavers, hold feu of the heirs and successors of Henry Lord Cardross, and Sir Patrick Scott of Ancrum, for payment of 2 small feu-duty. The Burgess Acres, and whole other tenements, hold burgage.

The articles and conditions of roup, with the title-deeds, are to be seen in the hands of James Laidlaw writer in Edinburgh, who will inform as to particulars; or in the hands of Mr George Kirkpatrick deputy clerk of session; and Robert Romanes writer in Lauder, factor on the said John Thomson's sequestrate estate, will show the subjects, and give particular information concerning the whole premisses.

From the London Gazette, June 13.

St James's, June 13.

THE following Address of the inhabitants of the ancient town and borough of Southwark having been yesterday delivered to the Earl of Hillsborough, one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, by George Onslow, Esq; one of the representatives in Parliament for the town of Guildford in Surry, and Nathaniel Polhill, Esq; one of the representatives in Parliament for the said borough of Southwark, has been presented to his Majesty by his Lordship: Which Address his Majesty was pleased to receive very graciously.

To the KING's Most Excellent Majesty,

The humble Address of the Inhabitants of the ancient Town and Borough of Southwark.

May it please your Majesty,

WE, your Majesty's dutiful, loyal, and affectionate subjects, inhabitants of the ancient town and borough of Southwark, desire to approach your sacred person, to return our sincere and grateful thanks for your Majesty's paternal goodness, in sending a seasonable relief of military force to protect our persons and properties from the depredations and insult of a lawless and licentious mob, which were spreading terror and devastation through the metropolis and its environs, uncontrouled. We beg leave to assure your Majesty, we are determined to use our utmost endeavours to support the honour of your Majesty's crown and dignity, the peace and good order of society, and this happy constitution, as settled at the glorious Revolution. For these great and good purposes we have associated, and humbly hope for the continuance of your Majesty's gracious protection.

[This address is signed by such a great number of names, that the Gazette Printer is obliged to promise a continuation of them in next Gazette.]

St James's, June 9.

The King has been pleased to appoint Alexander Wedderburn, Esq; late his Majesty's Attorney-General, to be Lord Chief Justice of his Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, upon the resignation of the Right Honourable Sir William De Grey, Knight, late Chief Justice thereof.

AT the Court at St James's, the 9th day of June, 1780,

PRESENT,

The KING's Most Excellent Majesty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Alexander Wedderburn, Esq; Lord Chief Justice of his Majesty's Court of Common Pleas, was, by his Majesty's command, sworn of his Majesty's most Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

War-Office, June 13. 1780.

1st Troop of horse guards, Sub-Brigadier and Cornet Thomas Allen is appointed to be Adjutant and Lieutenant, vice Robert Merry. James Roper Head, Gent. to be Sub-Brigadier and Cornet, vice Thomas Allen.

2d Troop of horse grenadier guards, Lieutenant John Smith, of 22d dragoons, to be Sub-Lieutenant, vice Lionel Felton Hervey.

1st Regiment of foot guards, Henry Page, Gent. to be Ensign, vice William Courtney Cruttenden.

1st Regiment of foot, 2d battalion, Captain Archibald Campbell to be Major, vice Alexander Campbell. Lieutenant Duncan Campbell to be Captain, vice Archibald Campbell. Ensign John Maclean to be Lieutenant, vice Duncan Campbell. Ensign Frederick Keppel, of the 1st battalion, to be Ensign, vice John Maclean.

9th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant George Henry Gordon, of 97th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander Richardson.

25th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant John Williamson to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice George Douglas. Ensign —— Atkinson to be Lieutenant, vice John Williamson. Lieutenant William Adair to be Captain, vice James Nixon. Ensign William Barry Wade to be Lieutenant, vice William Adair.

31st Regiment of foot, Thomas Heardson Wayet, Clerk, to be Chaplain, vice J. Hayward Smith.

42d Regiment of foot, Honourable Lieutenant George Fraser, of 88th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice John Harris,

88th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant John Harris, of 42d foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Honourable George Fraser.

97th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Alexander Richardson, of 9th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice George Henry Gordon.

Western Regiment of Fencible Men, Ensign Dugald M'Lean to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander Campbell: John Cameron, Gent. to be Ensign, vice Dugald M'Lean.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S.

The Liberty, Mathias, and Betsey, Robins, are on shore on the coast of Cornwall, and it is feared will be lost.

The Diana, Webber, from Lisbon to Newfoundland, is taken by the Nymph, French frigate of 40 guns, coming from Cape Francois, who burnt the Diana, and carried the Captain and crew into Brest.

The Achilles privateer of Folkstone, Capt. Yawkins, has sent into Portsmouth the De Vrow Anna, from Bayonne to Ferrol, with 1234 barrels of pork, 433 barrels of flour, and some wine, &c.

The Friendship privateer of Penzance has carried into that port the Endraght and Friendship, ——, from Rouen to Cadiz, laden with flour, pease, and beans.

The Ceres, Cook, from Liverpool for Archangel, on the 13th ult. took an American vessel, and sent her to Liverpool, where she is arrived, called the Governor Johnston, Badu, from Bergen to Baltimore in Maryland, laden with salt and sail canvas.

The George, Thomas, from London to Dublin, was taken off the Lizard the 29th ult. by the Black Princess privateer of Boston, and ransomed for 1000 l. The privateer took Captain Thomas as hostage, and the vessel is arrived in Fishgard-Road.

Cowes, 10. Passed through the Road this morning a fleet from Guernsey, &c. by one of which we learn, that the fleet under the command of Admiral Geary was yesterday afternoon about six leagues S. S. W. of the Head Land of St Albans.

Taken and ransomed by the Duc D'Estissac.

The Swift of Peterhead, for 150 guineas; the Success of Kincardine, 300 ditto; the Charming Nelly of Sunderland, 150 ditto; the Elizabeth of Aberdeen, 115 ditto; the Swan of Campbelton, 300 ditto; the ransomers arrived at Dunkirk.

Taken and ransomed by the Jackall:

The Elizabeth of Aberdeen, for 80 guineas.

From the London Papers, June 13.

Gyon in Asturias, May 10. The Granby, an English Bylander of eight guns and 24 men, commanded by Capt. Don Robert Grand, arrived this day in our port: She had been taken in 40 deg. 11 min. latitude, and 6 deg. 11 min. longitude, by the Corsair Bylander, the Infanta Charlotte, fitted out by Don Jerome Hixosa, an inhabitant of Corunna; and commanded by Capt. Don Christoval-Dias-Villareal. She had left New-York the 31st of March last with the packets, and several passengers for Falmouth. This Captain, Don Robert, had been pilot of the Guernsey, an English man of war of 64 guns, which, with another ship of the line of 74, and four frigates from 20 to 34 guns, were retiring to New-York, under the command of Francis Samuel Drake.

Cadiz, May 15. An American vessel arrived here yesterday, in 32 days, from Boston. The Captain reports, that the English had destroyed some forts and advanced posts at New York, and that a great part of the garrison had sailed on a secret expedition.

Toulon, May 23. The last letters from Tripoli bring advice, that a violent civil war rages in that regency, where a new pretender to the dignity of B—y wants to dethrone the present possessor of that title. When the accounts came away, the armies of the two Beys were in sight, and the Franks, who are always the first victims in these insurrections, were retiring with their most valuable effects.

Amsterdam, June 8. An American ship is just arrived in the Texel, which sailed from Boston the 2d of May. Letters brought by her give an account, "That the Marquis de la Fayette safely arrived there on the 28th of April."—The sailors also report, "That M. de Ternay was expected soon at Boston; which serves to clear up some doubts relative to the real place of the destination of his squadron." They moreover add, "That, at the time of their departure, Charlestown was not only abundantly supplied with every thing necessary for a long resistance, but also, that General Clinton had not then begun the siege, nor even made any approaches."

Hague, June 8. The States of Holland and West Friezeland, assembled yesterday and this day; after which they published a very strong report against the proceedings of some English ships, in violating the territory of the Republic, by taking a French privateer near the island of Goree; they concluded with a resolution to reclaim the said privateer in the most serious manner, and to demand of his Britannic Majesty suitable satisfaction for this unwarrantable conduct of his subjects.

Leiden, June 9. A vessel from Boston arrived at Cadiz, on the 10th of May, but brings no other news concerning Charlestown, than that she learnt by a Brigantine from Bermudas, that three of the largest ships of war belonging to General Clinton's convoy, perished in their passage to the Savannah. What gives some appearance of truth to this report is, that it is not known what is become of the Robuste of 74 guns, and the Europe and Reasonable of 64 guns each, which made a part of Admiral Arbuthnot's squadron, at his departure from New-York. To this is to be added, that when the British Ministry published the dispatches relative to the Carolina expedition, they took care to suppress those from Admiral Arbuthnot. *Leiden Gazette.*

LONDON.

This morning some dispatches were received from Admiral Geary, which are dated off Plymouth.

The mails for Holland, France, and Flanders, are stopped on account of not letting our enemies know of the late riots in this city.

No business was transacted yesterday in the House of Peers, nor will any thing be done in either of the Houses till Monday.

We hear that Mr Alderman Wilkes has received the thanks of the Privy Council, for his active and spirited exertions as a Magistrate during the late riots.

It is said that some dispatches have arrived from Sir Joseph Yorke, intimating that a spy has been secured at the Hague, who has laid open the projected plan of the troubles which have lately taken place in this kingdom.

Many letters from abroad confirm the prophecy of the French Ambassador at the Hague, concerning the burning of London, and that it had been spoke of publicly both in France and Holland.

It has been discovered that a considerable sum of French money has been distributed amongst the ringleaders of the late outrages. Three of them, it is said, have declared that they had received thirty guineas each, and were to have as much more when their work was completed.

This day, by order of the Lord Mayor, an Alderman sat at Guildhall from nine to twelve, another from twelve to three, and a third from three to six, for the purpose of examining such persons as might be apprehended, on suspicion of having been concerned in the late disturbances.

Warrants were last night issued, by the Lord Mayor, to every constable in the several wards of this city, for apprehending and taking into custody all persons that are found in the streets after ten o'clock at night, who cannot give a good account of themselves, and to search public houses, and houses of bad repute, to take into custody all idle and disorderly persons that are found tipling therein.

A certain magistrate, upon being examined by the Privy Council, is said to have apologised for himself in the following words:—My Lords, I was attacked behind and before, and felt such a *temerity*, that I thought instant death would be my *potion*."

Mr Solicitor General Wallace is appointed his Majesty's Attorney General in the room of Lord Loughborough, and Mr Mansfield succeeds to the Solicitorship. They are expected to kiss hands at the next levee on their respective promotions.

Sunday morning, his Majesty, attended by Lord Amherst and several of the nobility, took a survey of the camp that is formed in St James's Park, at which he expressed great satisfaction.

The Earl of Mansfield and his lady have apartments at St James's, by order of his Majesty, where they will continue till the present disturbances are entirely ceased.

We are happy to inform the public, that one good consequence has arisen out of the late dreadful calamity, a thorough reconciliation has taken place between the King and his brothers. The Dukes of Gloucester and Cumberland, on the first serious appearance of the riots, sent the most affectionate tender of their services to their brother, which was received in a becoming way; in consequence of which they had separate audiences, and a friendly conference with his Majesty on Saturday. His Royal Highness the Duke of Gloucester attends constantly on the parade, and does duty with his regiment.

After Lord George Gordon had been conveyed to the Horse Guards, he remained there some hours, before the Secretaries of State came to examine him. He appeared perfectly calm and easy; and only said, that what he had done was from the best of motives; that he did not think the warmth of his friends would have gone so far; and that he did not apprehend that any of the bad consequences which had been committed by the other persons were imputable to him. He made no other defence. The Secretaries of State, about ten o'clock, committed him a close prisoner to the Tower.

Sunday his Lordship was not suffered to go to the chapel, neither was he permitted to have the use of pen, ink or paper. The Tower gates were kept shut, and two Wardens placed at the wicket to examine that none but inhabitants or their friends were admitted. The Governor, attended by the officers and principal inhabitants, went in procession to the chapel through a lane of soldiers that were drawn up on each side. The usual Chaplain (Mr Featherstone) did not officiate, but the sermon was preached by one of the King's Chaplains, from Acts xvii. 22, 23. In the afternoon the gates were kept shut, and at nine o'clock the keys were taken to the Governor.

The Tower gates are usually locked up every night at eleven o'clock; and when a State prisoner is in the Tower, it is customary to shut them at ten; but they have been shut every night since Lord George Gordon has been there at nine or half past nine o'clock at the farthest.

On Saturday morning his Lordship was removed from the house of the Governor, General Gore, to that occupied by Alderman Crosby when he was a prisoner. Mr Boquet, Mr Burford, and Mr Foden, Yeomen, or Wardens, were appointed to attend him, and a centinel was placed at the door of house.

Previous to his Lordship's examination, a horse pistol was found upon him, which was taken away, as was also his sword, both which he had brought from his house.

The same morning, about five o'clock, Mr Fisher, Secretary to the Protestant Association, was apprehended at his house in Goulston-square, Whitechapel, by Justice Staples, and was carried to the Tower, escorted by a strong guard, under the direction of Lord Fielding, and fixed a prisoner in the house of Mr Kinghorne, gentleman goaler, where he remained until the evening, when he was conveyed in a hackney coach, attended by Mr Boquet, one of the wardens before mentioned, to the Secretary of State's office, where a Privy Council was sitting. Mr Fisher underwent a long examination, but nothing appearing prejudicial either to his character, the Committee, or Association, he was honourably dismissed, and the Warden returned home without him.

No persons whatever are permitted to visit Lord George Gordon in the Tower; his brother Lord William, and a friend with him, are said to have been there on Sunday last; his Lordship appeared at the window of his apartment, from which a reciprocal salute took place.

The proceedings against a certain Lord now in custody in the Tower, will, it is whispered, be by articles of impeachment preferred against him in the House of Commons, as a Member, for unlawful proceedings in summoning meetings contrary to common usage, and the statute in such cases made and provided.

On Saturday some of the Committee belonging to the Protestant Association waited on Lord North, and were politely received, offering, if they had done any thing contrary to the laws of this realm, to resign themselves up; and we are happy to find his Lordship told them, no charges whatever were designed to be brought against either the Secretary, the Committee, or the Association. This, it is hoped, will help to abate the wrath that has been poured on the Associators in general. They also shewed his Lordship the copy of a letter, designed to be printed, setting the matter in a true light, and which received his Lordship's approbation.

We are happy to find, on a strict enquiry, that the loss of lives by the necessary interposition of the military, does not exceed 56.—Near 300 of the rioters are already secured, who will be tried next week before the special Commissioners.

It is astonishing to think that so small a number of men should have been guilty of so much mischief, and capable of putting the metropolis into so thorough a consternation. It is said, that there were not more fifty men concerned in setting fire to the Fleet prison, and not a hundred in the destruction of Newgate.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, June 13.

"You will not, I dare say, be unhappy to hear, that we are now without any news whatsoever. The tumults seem to have totally ceased, and common reason has again assumed her empire. There are, however, still some among us who have so far lost themselves, as to rebel against that empress; but their temerity and madness will, there is little doubt, lead them to their destruction. A person of some consequence in the medical world, though not a regular physician, was this evening conveyed to prison by a strong party of Guards, on suspicion of having been an active promoter of the late insurrection. Many of the rioters are almost hourly apprehended, and there now appears a tolerable prospect of rescuing the Protestant religion from that infamous stigma which those persons who called themselves *Protestant Associators*, had near fixed on it.

"The conduct of some gentlemen in opposition, during the riots at the Houses of Parliament, is not a little curious. In order to carry to perfection that animosity which they once flattered themselves with having raised between this country and yours, if I may be allowed such a distinction, they very industriously attempted to impress the public with an idea, as improbable as it was impolitic—that the riots which we have of late experienced, were produced by a Scots mob, as they were pleased to term it, because they were headed by a Scots fanatic. The illiberality of this assertion must at once render its propagators obnoxious to every thinking mind, and produce a sovereign contempt for the men who are so far lost to every sense of loyalty, as to endeavour, at this perilous moment especially, to create national discord and inveteracy, by a declaration so groundless, so ridiculous, and so absurd.

To contend, that because a Scotsman was at the head of an association instituted in London, from which the tumults originated, the actors in the tumults must also be Scots, is a piece of logic which none but a *modern patriot* could surely have made use of, and which I think requires no argument to controvert.

"The trial of Lord George Gordon, it is believed, will come on either on Tuesday or Wednesday next. The public curiosity is very great with respect to the fate of that noble Lord; and although some, who suppose his Lordship to have been the intentional cause of our confusions, are much prejudiced against him, yet the greater part of the town seem to lament the present situation of a man, whose general conduct has not only been undeserving censure, but amiable.

"A letter from an English gentleman at Paris, dated June 7. and received yesterday, has the following paragraph: "I rejoice at the success of my friend Rodney. By the Gazette of France of yesterday it appears, that the dispatches of the Comte de Guichen are not yet come to hand." This, both from the date and manner of expression, must allude to some later action than that which was the subject of the last extraordinary Gazette.

"The following was sent to Bath the day after the riot happened in that city:

Adjutant-General's Office, 7th June, 1780.

ORDERS.

"In obedience to an order of the King in Council,

"The military to act without waiting for directions from the civil "Magistrates, and to use force for dispersing the illegal and tumul-"tuous assemblies of the people.

"WM. AMHERST, Adjutant-General."

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in Bath to his friend in London, dated June 10.

"—— The spirit of destructive imitation hath spread itself rapidly from your city to ours. A number of disorderly persons assembled last night about twilight, and increasing their force as they went forward, formed a body of several hundred people before nine o'clock in the evening; at which time they beset the new Roman Catholic chapel, a very elegant building just finished. In less than an hour they gutted both it and the house of the Roman Catholic minister adjoining; and throwing the furniture, even to the wainscotting, out into the street, set it on fire. Aroused by this behaviour, the magistrates and some of our citizens interposed their authority, but without any effect. The Bath Volunteers also drew up in our defence, to as little purpose; for by this time the rabble was too numerous and fierce to brook the feeble opposition of a few undisciplined young persons; and a man being shot near some of the ringleaders, it was impossible to appease their fury. They immediately set fire to the shell of the chapel, and to a whole range of contiguous buildings, all of which were reduced to the bare walls before two o'clock in the morning. After this they remained silent spectators of this horrid scene, and seemed to gaze upon it with a savage joy. They dispersed about four o'clock, vowing vengeance against another place of Romish worship, and several houses of

Catholic families; but as the execution of this threat I hope they will be prevented; for three troops of brave-looking fellows are marched to our assistance. The inhabitants and they have settled the several arrangements of the night with great prudence, and all seems to promise us a return of good order and tranquillity; but I will keep this letter unclosed, so long as the post will admit, that you may receive the latest information; for every county account becomes now of consequence to the nation, whose true state should be transmitted to the metropolis. I must not forget to let you know, that a very well-intentioned, dispassionate, and humane hand-bill, by way of address to the multitude, has been distributed since noon, and is now in every one's hand, and was just now read aloud in the market-place. It seems to assist the authority of the military, and is written so universally to *all parts* of this dislocated empire, that I send a copy for your perusal.

TO THE PEOPLE.

Christians, Fellow-Protestants, and Fellow-Creatures,

"With tears in my eyes, with a trembling hand, and a deeply-afflicted heart, I sit down to address you. I glory in the Protestant principles, and, if I were seriously called upon, would shed, like you, the last drop of my blood in their defence. But I am a lover of all the human race; and know that our gracious GOD, who is a GOD of PEACE, has connected me with the happiness and welfare of *all Mankind*; though we are, alas! too much divided amongst ourselves, in point of opinion. I wish we were all of one mind; but as that cannot be, let us have mercy *upon one another*. My fellow-creatures, I implore you to consider what some of you are about. It is not the destruction of a few public places that are obnoxious to you, which closes this scene of fury and devastation. Your friends, your relations, helpless children, decrepid old men, women in travail, and citizens, whose sickness prevents them from removing fast enough out of the path of fury, become the objects of your resentment, objects which never did you wrong, nor even opposed your religious sentiments.

"Last night, O Friends, fire and murder went hand in hand. I will never believe there was any predesigned intention to spill blood, in any one of your hearts—for, are you not Englishmen? And, I am very sure, it grieved the most exasperated of you, to see the poor affrighted people run along the streets with their pittances of property, attended by their shrieking wives and weeping children, who were necessitated, on account of your unprovoked displeasure, to seek for a night's lodging where-ever the hand of Charity could bestow it. Here is a sensation for a British bosom!

"Nor is this the worst—

"Our distruction at home creates fresh triumphs abroad. Our natural enemies behold us doing their work, and butchering each other, with a smile. Let them alone (say these scorners) and they will cut their own throats, when we shall take possession of their boasted empire, without once unsheathing our swords.—Nor King nor people will be safe: even our gracious Sovereign and the religion which he is born to support, and you, his beloved people, whose sacred privileges and principles he has in charge, may tumble into dust and ashes, like the buildings which were consumed last night, if you go on. Stop, then; in the awful name of the Omnipotent GOD, who looks on every action, *stop*. Leave him to settle the great account of religious justice—Let us not presume to snatch from his mighty arm the bolts of vengeance. Let us rather pray that those whom we may think wrong, may be set right; but let us not take on ourselves the *Divine authority*. We will pity, but not punish. We will direct our zeal into the proper channel. Our haughty foes shall feel its generous force——we will——

"But I need not enlarge upon it—the ruins of the night are, to be sure, shocking. There is not one of you, fellow Protestants, who can behold them this morning without a weeping eye and akeing heart. The Saviour who sealed our pardon by his precious blood, despises not the sorrow of your contrite spirits. His heavenly Father sees how much you are grieved. He is looking down upon you; he sees that al is again still; and he will contrive, in his own good time, to repair the injuries of those whom you have driven from their late peaceful habitations.

"Christians, we will henceforward deserve the name. The *Almighty* will punish those who disgrace him. Be it *ours* to do him honour in the humility of our hearts. We will serve our King, and raise our wretched country to what it lately was—the pride and envy of the universe—without bloodshed, without rage, or any other deadly sin.

"This is, I know, your resolution—God will bless you for it—You have wives, children, friends. They shall all be blessed, and I shall not only glory in owning you for Protestants, but should die too happy were I to fall the moment the public tranquility was established, could I but flatter myself, in the remotest manner, that it was brought about by the means of this address; being sincerely, and without boasting,

A Christian, Protestant, Lover of his Kind, and Honest Man."

June 10. 1780.

"P. S. All is serene and quiet; so farewell."

Most of the papers in this town have announced the departure of the Duke of Gordon to London. We can, however, assure the public, that this is not the case, his Grace being at present doing duty with his regiment in Glasgow.

We are informed, that his Excellency General Mackay, Commander in Chief of the forces in Scotland, has received the same powers for quelling any tumults or riots in this country, as those with which Lord Amherst is vested in England.

The 7th regiment, or Queen's dragoons, will be reviewed in a field near Invernesk, on Wednesday first, by his Excellency Lieutenant-General Mackay.

Mrs Boswell, wife of James Boswell, Esq; younger of Auchinleck, Advocate, was safely delivered of a daughter on Friday the 16th June inst.

Letters lately received from the East Indies bring accounts of the death of Mr William Hamilton, eldest son of the deceased Robert Hamilton, Esq; of Ardrie.

On the 15th current, died at Drimmie, John Gray of Balledgarno, Esq;

Yesterday morning, about three o'clock, the inhabitants of the New Town were greatly alarmed by repeated reports of musquetry. Upon enquiry, it was found, that some soldiers, who had been called from the Abbey guard, by some Excise officers, in order to assist them in seizing smuggled goods, of which they had received information, were in pursuit of a man upon horseback, whom they alledged was a smuggler, and at whom they fired several times, having chaced him the whole length of Prince's street, but without effect. Previous to this, whether through accident or design, we have not been able to learn, they shot a horse, which had been made fast to a place at the north end of the Bridge, where he was allowed to lie, in the greatest agony, during the whole of this day, owing to the owner not chusing to meddle with him, lest those who had given orders to fire might alledge he had killed the horse himelf. We do not pretend to say, how far the Excise officers were justifiable in ordering the military to fire at all; but we cannot help thinking, that, to say no worse, it was highly improper not to use more caution in a populous city, where many passengers, or people looking out of the windows, in order to discover the reason of the firing, might have been killed, while there could be no great chance of a party on foot coming up with a man who was galloping from them at full speed.

On Thursday last, the University of Edinburgh conferred the degree of Doctor in Divinity on the Rev. Mr David Lamont, author of the *Sermons on the most Prevalent Vices*.

Wednesday, a presentation from the burgh of Rutherglen, to the Rev. Mr James Forelong, to be minister of that parish, was laid before the Presbytery of Glasgow; when the Presbytery ordered his call to be moderate on Thursday next.

The Bellona privateer, Capt. M'Lean, belonging to Glasgow, has sent into Port-Glasgow, Wednesday, a large Dutch brig, bound from St Domingo for Amsterdam, loaded with sugars and cotton. She belonged to a fleet of 31 sail, bound from St Domingo for Europe, and which were separated in a storm. The Bellona has gone in search of more of them.

The following ships were taken and ransomed by the D'Estissac privateer of Dunkirk.

Veteran,	John Barclay,	Peterhead,	150 gs.
Success,	John Scotland,	Kincardine,	300
Lady Mary,	Charles Thomson,	Alloa,	260
Ja. and Margaret,	John Patrick,	Dundee,	230
Charming Nelly,	Alex. Paterson,	Sunderland,	150
Elizabeth,	Wm. Matthews,	Aberdeen,	115
Friendship,	James Skilloch,	Alloa,	300
Primrose,	James Primrose,	Torryburn,	425
Empress,	Jacob Whalley,	Hull,	800
Swan,	Daniel Sinclair,	Campbletown,	300

By the cutters Jackall and Alexander,

Elizabeth,	William Brown,	Aberdeen,	80
Swan,	Andrew Beall,	W. Wemyss,	210

CHARITY.

On opening the box placed at the door of the *Charity Work-House of West Kirk*, on Tuesday last, there were found in it, Three Guineas in gold, besides some silver and copper. The Managers of the Charity think it their duty to make this grateful acknowledgment of beneficence which, by concealing its authors, deserves a double tribute of respect. They persuade themselves, that examples of such delicate and disinterested charities will not be disregarded by the public.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, GREENOCK.

ARRIVED, JUNE 12—15.

The Bell, Boag, from Limerick, with goods; John, Ryburn, from Bristol, with ditto; Peggie, Lamont, from Lairn, with limestones; Lark, Hunter, from Easdale, with slatestones; Almaria, Dykes, from Pool, with clay, &c.; Mally, Mackellar, from Lochmelford, with timber; Spese Fortuna, Williamson, from Norway, with ditto, Mally and Jenny, Martin, from Tierce, with kelp; Newfriends, Campbell, from St Kitts, with tobacco and sugar.

The Jeanie, Macgill, from St Kitts, with tobacco, &c. to Port-Glasgow, a prize taken by the Belona privateer, laden with sugar and coffee, &c.

SAILED, 14.

The Gordon, Sabiston, for Dublin, with goods; Grizie, Bannantyne, from ditto, with ditto; Katty, Maclachlane, from Belfast, with ditto; Nancy, Leitch, from Londonderry, with ditto; Anne, Nielson, from St Augustine, with ditto.

Leith Shipping, June 14—17.

ARRIVED,

Success, Ferrier, from Carron, with goods; Betsy, Steedman, from Gotteaburgh, with deals and iron; Allan, Turnbull, from Borrowstounness, with athes; Janet, Fleming, from Fortrose, with Pork, &c.; Jean, Brown, from the Canal, in ballast; Agnes, Alexander; from Perth, with grain; Anne, Gowans, from Gourdan, with furniture; Peggie, Scott, from Dundee, with grain, and some vessels with coals. Wind, W.

ROYAL BANK, EDINBURGH, JUNE 17. 1780.

THE Court of Directors of the Royal Bank of Scotland give notice, That the General Court of Proprietors, held the 6th inst. having declared a Dividend of Five and Half *per cent.* to be payable on their capital stock, for the half year ending at Mid-summer next; the same will begin to be paid to the Proprietors on Thursday the 13th July next; and so to continue thereafter at the usual hours of attendance at the Bank: And in order to settle the said dividend, no transfer of stock will be made from Thursday the 29th current, to Thursday the said 13th July next, both inclusive.

ARCHD. HOPE, Secretary.

DIAPERS and TABLE-LINEN.

JOHN NEALL and SON, at their ware-house, lower end of the City Guard, Edinburgh, have just got to hand, of this year's bleach, a large and complete assortment of DIAPERS, 3-4ths, 5-4ths, and 6-4ths wide. Damask and Diaper Tea-Towels and Table-Cloths, all sizes, which they are now selling on the lowest terms, for ready money.

J. Neall and Son continue to receive weekly supplies of the newest patterns in Printed Cottons and Muslins, with every other article in the Silk, Linen, and Haberdashery Trade.

They will continue to make it their study to serve their customers with goods of the best fabric, and upon the lowest terms.

CONSIGNED CHESHIRE CHEESE.

TO be SOLD, by John Maclean, at his Warehouse, near the Glass-house, Leith, a quantity of exceeding fine CHESHIRE CHEESE, at a reasonable rate.

Proper allowance will be made to merchants, who buy to sell over again.

COMMISSION IN THE ARMY.

TO be SOLD, A CORNETCY in the Third Regiment of Horse, or Carabineers, in Ireland. Apply to Alexander Abercrombie writer to the signet, Edinburgh, or Robert Barclay writer in Glasgow. Not to be repeated.

This day is published,

By WILLIAM CREECH,

SERMONS.

BY HUGH BLAIR.

VOLUME SECOND.—THE FOURTH EDITION.

ALSO,

In the Press, and speedily will be published,

The NINTH EDITION of Dr BLAIR'S SERMONS, VOLUME I.

The following BOOKS are just published, and sold at WILLIAM CREECH'S shop at the Cross.

1. Coxe's Account of the Russian Discoveries between Asia and America; to which is added, the Conquest of Siberia; with fine copperplates. 4to.
2. Irwin's Voyage up the Red Sea, and on the Coasts of Arabia and Egypt; also, a Route through the Desarts of Thebais; with Maps and Cuts. 4to.
3. Memoirs of the Life of Garrick, 2 vols.
4. Letters on Iceland in the year 1772, with Plates.
5. Marshall's Experiments and Observations concerning Agriculture.
6. Burgoyne's Expedition from Canada, a new edition, 8vo. with fine Copperplates.
7. Dodsley's Collection of Old Plays, a new Edit. 12 vols.
8. Crazy's Tales, a new Edition, with Plates.
9. Keat's Sketches from Nature, 2 vols.
10. The Sorrows of Werter, 2 vols. New Edition.
11. Howard's State of the Prisons, a new Edition, 8vo. with eleven fine Copperplates.
12. The Shipwreck, a Poem, new Edition.
13. The Prints of Admiral Keppel's Freedom Box.

ALSO, just received, a very large Collection of ATLASSES, Maps mounted and in sheets, Plans, and Books of Roads, &c. &c.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE Trustee appointed for the Creditors of ROBERT HARDIE, late tenant in Sturton, finding it inconvenient for him to act any longer in that capacity; and being desirous of making a surrender of Robert Hardie's effects intromitted with by him, he therefore desires the creditors of the said Robert Hardie, or persons properly authorised by them, to meet in the house of David Methuen vintner in Cupar of Fife, upon Thursday the 29th day of June instant, in order to chuse another trustee or trustees in his place, and to receive what of the funds and papers of said Robert Hardie he may have in his hands, and to discharge him of his intromissions therewith.

PANTHEON.

THE SOCIETY hereby intimate, That they have adjourned their public meetings to the *first* Thursday of *October* next; previous to which, the question then to be debated will be advertised in this paper.

STATE LOTTERY for IRELAND,

Granted by Government for this present year.

THREE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED and THIRTY-FOUR Pounds, to be gained by the purchasers of the 1413 Chances, at Five Shillings, at Two Shillings and Sixpence, and at One Shilling each,

SOLD by JAMES MASON,

At his China Warehouse, Bridge-street, Edinburgh;

Who sold more fortunate numbers in Lottery 1777 than ever were sold in Scotland for any one Lottery either before or since.

THE PURCHASERS OF CHANCES WILL BE ENTITLED

At 5 s.	To L. 300	0 0	At 2 s. 6 d.	To L. 150	0 0	At 1 s.	If drawn either of the 2 top capt. prizes
	150	0 0		50	0 0		50 0 0
	50	0 0		20	0 0		20 0 0
	25	0 0		10	0 0		2 5,000
	12	0 0		5	0 0		5 2,000
	5	0 0		2	10 0		10 1,000
	2	10 0		1	0 0		26 500
	1	10 0		0	10 0		30 100
	0	10 0		0	5 0		100 50
	0	5 0		0	2 6		300 20
	0	3 0		0	1 0		any of the first drawn the first five days.
	0	2 0		0	0 6		Last drawn.

Likewise Tickets and Shares in great variety of Numbers.

A Ticket	Price	L. 5 0 0	may gain L. 15,000
A Half	ditto	2 10 0	ditto 5,500
A Fourth	ditto	1 7 0	ditto 2,750
An Eighth	ditto	0 14 0	ditto 1,375
A Sixteenth	ditto	0 7 0	ditto 687 10 0
A Chance	ditto	0 3 6	ditto 375
Ditto	ditto	0 2 6	ditto 250
Ditto	ditto	0 1 0	ditto 55

Lottery begins drawing the 24th June. Not two blanks to a prize.

N. B. Letters, Post paid, duly answered, and schemes gratis.

Correspondents in the country will please observe, that no returns of Chances will be received after the 30th current, except from places north of this, which must be by first opportunity.

DESERTED,

From a Recruiting Party of Colonel Fullerton's Regiment at Ayr,

CHARLES M'AFFE, born in the parish of M'Lushie, county of Down in Ireland, 22 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, by trade a blacksmith, dark complection, black hair, brown eyes; had on when he deserted a blue duffle great coat, a black coat and vest. He had with him a very handsome wench, with fair hair and well dressed, whom he called his wife.

DANIEL M'AFFE, born in the same parish and county, 16 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, by trade a weaver, black hair, brown eyes, dark complection; had on a blue duffle coat and vest, and buckskin breeches.

PATRICK M'GHIE, born in the same parish and county, 20 years of age, 5 feet 11 inches high, by trade a weaver, dark complection, black hair, brown eyes, and much pitted with the small pox; had on a black coat and vest, and buckskin breeches.

Whoever apprehends the above deserters, or any of them, and secures them in any of his Majesty's goals, shall have ONE GUINEA of reward, over and above what is allowed by act of Parliament, by applying to William Fullerton, Esq; of Rosemount, or Captain Finlayson, North Fencible regiment.

By Order of the Managers of the Charity Work-house of Edinburgh.

THAT the DUNG of said House is to be exposed by public roup, upon Wednesday next, being the 21st day of June, at four o'clock afternoon, at the hall of said house, and that for one year, viz. from the 1st of July 1780, to the 30th of June 1781 years inclusive.

LANDS TO SELL.

THE Estate of CASTLEHILL, in the County of Caithness, comprehending the Towns and Lands of Castlehill, Gerth, Harland, and others. This estate consists of above 840 acres of ground, about two thirds of which are arable, of an excellent quality. The Lands abound in marle, most conveniently situated. There are likewise great quantities of sea-weed, or ware, and shell sand, quite adjacent to the cornfields on the north side, to which there is very easy access; and stones of the best qualities may be quarried in almost every part of the estate, with little trouble or expence. In an arm of the sea, interjected betwixt this estate and *Dunnel Head*, there is salmon and herring fisheries; and the salmon are caught within two hundred yards of the mansion-house. On the shores of the estate some kelp may also be made. The mansion-house and offices are all new, large, and commodious. The estate has also an interest in a very rich and extensive adjacent common, a considerable part of which, on a division, will fall to the proprietor of it.

James Horne, writer in Edinburgh, will satisfy as to the title-deeds, show a plan of the estate, and has powers to conclude with a purchaser; and Mr Donald Macleod sheriff-substitute of Caithness, at Murkle, can also inform as to further particulars.

TO BE SOLD.

THESE HOUSES and SUBJECTS on the west side of the Potterrow Street, possessed by Alexander Macniel, David Imrie, James Steel, Mrs Dick, and others.

They pay at present 17 l. Sterling of yearly rent, and are very proper for building on, as they front the entry to Nicholson's Street, by which any tenement or building to be erected will be well lighted, and have good access.

The title-deeds are in the hands of Lachlan Duff writer to the signet, who is impowered to conclude a bargain.

KEIR BLEACHFIELD 1780.

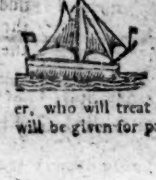
CHARLES STIRLING bleaches all Plain Linen, yard-wide or under, wrought in a

	Per Yard.		Per Yard.
900 reed,	2½ d.	Narrow Tweelings and	
10 and 1100,	3	Diapers, Satinets,	
12 and 1300,	3½	Cambrics, and long	
13 and 1500,	4	Lawns,	3½
16 and all above,	4½	Damasks,	4½

Sheetings, Broad Damasks and Diapers at reasonable rates.

CLOTH for this Field is taken in at Edinburgh by Bailie John Lothian merchant New Exchange, and Edward Ramage merchant New Town; Robert Williamson shop-keeper, Shore of Leith; Miss Glasford, Borrowstounness; Alexander Lang merchant, Linlithgow; Alexander Fleming linen-manufacturer, Kirkliston; David Rule weaver, Falkirk; James Johnston merchant, Alloa; John Wilson merchant, Dunfermline; Alexander Goodlet vintner, Mid Calder; Miss Glass, Stirling; Patrick Geddes manufacturer, Culross; Robert Rentoul merchant, Kincardine; John White weaver, Crieff; and at the Bleachfield. At all which places receipts will be given.

To be SOLD by Private Contract.



The Sloop GOOD INTENT, of Eymouth (now employed in the coasting trade), British built, burden 45 tons, on a small draught of water, hull and materials in good condition, and sails without balast.

Any person inclining to purchase will write to John Galbreath, Shipmaster in Eymouth, the owner, who will treat on the matter, and produce inventaries, and credit will be given for part of the value for six months, on security.

From the London Gazette, June 13.

St James's, June 13.

THE following Addreſs of the inhabitants of the ancient town and borough of Southwark having been yeſterday delivered to the Earl of Hillſborough, one of his Majeſty's Principal Secretaries of State, by George Onſlow, Eſq; one of the repreſentatives in Parliament for the town of Guildford in Surry, and Nathaniel Polhill, Eſq; one of the repreſentatives in Parliament for the ſaid borough of Southwark, has been preſented to his Majeſty by his Lordſhip: Which Addreſs his Majeſty was pleaſed to receive very graciouſly.

To the KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty,

The humble Addreſs of the Inhabitants of the ancient Town and Borough of Southwark.

May it pleaſe your Majeſty,

WE, your Majeſty's dutiful, loyal, and affectionate ſubjects, inhabitants of the ancient town and borough of Southwark, deſire to approach your ſacred perſon, to return our ſincere and grateful thanks for your Majeſty's paternal goodneſs, in ſending a ſeaſonable relief of military force to protect our perſons and properties from the depredations and inſult of a lawleſs and licentious mob, which were ſpreading terror and deva[illegible]ation through the metropolis and its environs, uncontrouled. We beg leave to aſſure your Majeſty, we are determined to uſe our utmoſt endeavours to ſupport the honour of your Majeſty's crown and dignity, the peace and good order of ſociety, and this happy conſtitution, as ſettled at the glorious Revolution. For theſe great and good purpoſes we have aſſociated, and humbly hope for the continuance of your Majeſty's gracious protection.

[This addreſs is ſigned by ſuch a great number of names, that the Gazette Printer is obliged to promiſe a continuation of them in next Gazette.]

St James's, June 9.

The King has been pleaſed to appoint Alexander Wedderburn, Eſq; late his Majeſty's Attorney-General, to be Lord Chief Juſtice of his Majeſty's Court of Common Pleas, upon the reſignation of the Right Honourable Sir William De Grey, Knight, late Chief Juſtice thereof.

AT the Court at St James's, the 9th day of June, 1780,

PRESENT,

The KING's Moſt Excellent Majeſty in Council.

THIS day the Right Honourable Alexander Wedderburn, Eſq; Lord Chief Juſtice of his Majeſty's Court of Common Pleas, was, by his Majeſty's command, ſworn of his Majeſty's moſt Honourable Privy Council, and took his place at the Board accordingly.

War-Office, June 13. 1780.

1ſt Troop of horſe guards, Sub-Brigadier and Cornet Thomas Allen is appointed to be Adjutant and Lieutenant, vice Robert Merry. James Roper Head, Gent. to be Sub-Brigadier and Cornet, vice Thomas Allen.

2d Troop of horſe grenadier guards, Lieutenant John Smith, of 22d dragoons, to be Sub-Lieutenant, vice Lionel Felton Hervey.

1ſt Regiment of foot guards, Henry Page, Gent. to be Enſign, vice William Courtney Cruttenden.

1ſt Regiment of foot, 2d battalion, Captain Archibald Campbell to be Major, vice Alexander Campbell. Lieutenant Duncan Campbell to be Captain, vice Archibald Campbell. Enſign John Maclean to be Lieutenant, vice Duncan Campbell. Enſign Frederick Keppel, of the 1ſt battalion, to be Enſign, vice John Maclean.

9th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant George Henry Gordon, of 97th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander Richardſon.

25th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant John Williamſon to be Captain-Lieutenant, vice George Douglas. Enſign ——— Atkinſon to be Lieutenant, vice John Williamſon. Lieutenant William Adair to be Captain, vice James Nixon. Enſign William Barry Wade to be Lieutenant, vice William Adair.

31ſt Regiment of foot, Thomas Heardſon Wayet, Clerk, to be Chaplain, vice J. Hayward Smith.

42d Regiment of foot, Honourable Lieutenant George Fraſer, of 88th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice John Harris,

88th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant John Harris, of 42d foot, to be Lieutenant, vice Honourable George Fraſer.

97th Regiment of foot, Lieutenant Alexander Richardſon, of 9th foot, to be Lieutenant, vice George Henry Gordon.

Weſtern Regiment of Fencible Men, Enſign Dugald M'Lean to be Lieutenant, vice Alexander Campbell: John Cameron, Gent. to be Enſign, vice Dugald M'Lean.

INTELLIGENCE FROM LLOYD'S.

The Liberty, Mathias, and Betſey, Robins, are on ſhore on the coaſt of Cornwall, and it is feared will be loſt.

The Diana, Webber, from Liſbon to Newfoundland, is taken by the Nymph, French frigate of 40 guns, coming from Cape Francois, who burnt the Diana, and carried the Captain and crew into Breſt.

The Achilles privateer of Folkſtone, Capt. Yawkins, has ſent into Portſmouth the De Vrow Anna, from Bayonne to Ferrol, with 1234 barrels of pork, 433 barrels of flour, and ſome wine, &c.

The Friendſhip privateer of Penzance has carried into that port the Endraght and Friendſhip, ———, from Rouen to Cadiz, laden with flour, peaſe, and beans.

The Ceres, Cook, from Liverpool for Archangel, on the 13th ult. took an American veſſel, and ſent her to Liverpool, where ſhe is arrived, called the Governor Johnſton, Badu, from Bergen to Baltimore in Maryland, laden with ſalt and ſail canvaſs.

The George, Thomas, from London to Dublin, was taken off the Lizard the 29th ult. by the Black Princeſs privateer of Boſton, and ranſomed for 1000 l. The privateer took Captain Thomas as hoſtage, and the veſſel is arrived in Fiſhgard-Road.

Cowes, 10. Paſſed through the Road this morning a fleet from Guernſey, &c. by one of which we learn, that the fleet under the command of Admiral Geary was yeſterday afternoon about ſix leagues S. S. W. of the Head Land of St Albans.

Taken and ranſomed by the Duc D'Eſtiſſac.

The Swift of Peterhead, for 150 guineas; the Succeſs of Kincardine, 300 ditto; the Charming Nelly of Sunderland, 150 ditto; the Elizabeth of Aberdeen, 115 ditto; the Swan of Campbelton, 300 ditto; the ranſomers arrived at Dunkirk.

Taken and ranſomed by the Jackall:

The Elizabeth of Aberdeen, for 80 guineas.

From the London Papers, June 13.

Gyon in Aſturias, May 10. The Granby, an Engliſh Bylander of eight guns and 24 men, commanded by Capt. Don Robert Grand, arrived this day in our port: She had been taken in 40 deg. 11 min. latitude, and 6 deg. 11 min. longitude, by the Corſair Bylander, the Infanta Charlotte, fitted out by Don Jerome Hixoſa, an inhabitant of Corunna; and commanded by Capt. Don Chriſtoval-Dias-Villareal. She had left New-York the 31ſt of March laſt with the packets, and ſeveral paſſengers for Falmouth. This Captain, Don Robert, had been pilot of the Guernſey, an Engliſh man of war of 64 guns, which, with another ſhip of the line of 74, and four frigates from 20 to 34 guns, were retiring to New-York, under the command of Francis Samuel Drake.

Cadiz, May 15. An American veſſel arrived here yeſterday, in 32 days, from Boſton. The Captain reports, that the Engliſh had deſtroyed ſome forts and advanced poſts at New York, and that a great part of the garriſon had failed on a ſecret expedition.

Toulon, May 23. The laſt letters from Tripoli bring advice, that a violent civil war rages in that regency, where a new pretender to the dignity of Bey wants to dethrone the preſent poſſeſſor of that title. When the accounts came away, the armies of the two Beys were in ſight, and the Franks, who are always the firſt victims in theſe inſurrections, were retiring with their moſt valuable effects.

Amſterdam, June 8. An American ſhip is juſt arrived in the Texel, which ſailed from Boſton the 2d of May. Letters brought by her give an account, "That the Marquis de la Fayette ſafely arrived there on the 28th of April."—The ſailors alſo report, "That M. de Ternay was expected ſoon at Boſton; which ſerves to clear up ſome doubts relative to the real place of the deſtination of his ſquadron." They moreover add, "That, at the time of their departure, Charleſtown was not only abundantly ſupplied with every thing neceſſary for a long reſiſtance, but alſo, that General Clinton had not then begun the ſiege, nor even made any approaches."

Hague, June 8. The States of Holland and Weſt Friezeland, aſſembled yeſterday and this day; after which they publiſhed a very ſtrong report againſt the proceedings of ſome Engliſh ſhips, in violating the territory of the Republic, by taking a French privateer near the iſland of Goree; they concluded with a reſolution to reclaim the ſaid privateer in the moſt ſerious manner, and to demand of his Britannic Majeſty ſuitable ſatisfaction for this unwarrantable conduct of his ſubjects.

Leiden, June 9. A veſſel from Boſton arrived at Cadiz, on the 10th of May, but brings no other news concerning Charleſtown, than that ſhe learnt by a Brigantine from Bermudas, that three of the largeſt ſhips of war belonging to General Clinton's convoy, periſhed in their paſſage to the Savannah. What gives ſome appearance of truth to this report is, that it is not known what is become of the Robuſte of 74 guns, and the Europe and Reaſonable of 64 guns each, which made a part of Admiral Arbuthnot's ſquadron, at his departure from New-York. To this is to be added, that when the Britiſh Miniſtry publiſhed the diſpatches relative to the Carolina expedition, they took care to ſuppreſs thoſe from Admiral Arbuthnot. *Leiden Gazette.*

LONDON.

This morning ſome diſpatches were received from Admiral Geary, which are dated off Plymouth.

The mails for Holland, France, and Flanders, are ſtopped on account of not letting our enemies know of the late riots in this city.

No buſineſs was tranſacted yeſterday in the Houſe of Peers, nor will any thing be done in either of the Houſes till Monday.

We hear that Mr Alderman Wilkes has received the thanks of the Privy Council, for his active and ſpirited exertions as a Magiſtrate during the late riots.

It is ſaid that ſome diſpatches have arrived from Sir Joſeph Yorke, intimating that a ſpy has been ſecured at the Hague, who has laid open the projected plan of the troubles which have lately taken place in this kingdom.

Many letters from abroad confirm the prophecy of the French Ambaſſador at the Hague, concerning the burning of London, and that it had been ſpoke of publicly both in France and Holland.

It has been diſcovered that a conſiderable ſum of French money has been diſtributed amongſt the ringleaders of the late outrages. Three of them, it is ſaid, have declared that they had received thirty guineas each, and were to have as much more when their work was completed.

This day, by order of the Lord Mayor, an Alderman ſat at Guildhall from nine to twelve, another from twelve to three, and a third from three to ſix, for the purpoſe of examining ſuch perſons as might be apprehended, on ſuſpicion of having been concerned in the late diſturbances.

Warrants were laſt night iſſued, by the Lord Mayor, to every conſtable in the ſeveral wards of this city, for apprehending and taking into cuſtody all perſons that are found in the ſtreets after ten o'clock at night, who cannot give a good account of themſelves, and to ſearch public houſes, and houſes of bad repute, to take into cuſtody all idle and diſorderly perſons that are found tipling therein.

A certain magiſtrate, upon being examined by the Privy Council, is ſaid to have apologiſed for himſelf in the following words:—My Lords, I was attacked behind and before, and felt ſuch a *temerity*, that I thought inſtant death would be my *potion*."

Mr Solicitor General Wallace is appointed his Majeſty's Attorney General in the room of Lord Loughborough, and Mr Manſfield ſucceeds to the Solicitorſhip. They are expected to kiſs hands at the next levee on their reſpective promotions.

Sunday morning, his Majeſty, attended by Lord Amherſt and ſeveral of the nobility, took a ſurvey of the camp that is formed in St James's Park, at which he expreſſed great ſatisfaction.

The Earl of Manſfield and his lady have apartments at St James's, by order of his Majeſty, where they will continue till the preſent diſturbances are entirely ceaſed.

We are happy to inform the public, that one good conſequence has ariſen out of the late dreadful calamity, a thorough reconciliation has taken place between the King and his brothers. The Dukes of Glouceſter and Cumberland, on the firſt ſerious appearance of the riots, ſent the moſt affectionate tender of their ſervices to their brother, which was received in a becoming way; in conſequence of which they had ſeparate audiences, and a friendly conference with his Majeſty on Saturday. His Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter attends conſtantly on the parade, and does duty with his regiment.

After Lord George Gordon had been conveyed to the Horſe Guards, he remained there ſome hours, before the Secretaries of State came to examine him. He appeared perfectly calm and eaſy; and only ſaid, that what he had done was from the beſt of motives; that he did not think the warmth of his friends would have gone ſo far; and that he did not apprehend that any of the bad conſequences which had been committed by the other perſons were imputable to him. He made no other defence. The Secretaries of State, about ten o'clock, committed him a cloſe priſoner to the Tower.

Sunday his Lordſhip was not ſuffered to go to the chapel, neither was he permitted to have the uſe of pen, ink or paper. The Tower gates were kept ſhut, and two Wardens placed at the wicket to examine that none but inhabitants or their friends were admitted. The Governor, attended by the officers and principal inhabitants, went in proceſſion to the chapel through a lane of ſoldiers that were drawn up on each ſide. The uſual Chaplain (Mr Featherſtone) did not officiate, but the ſermon was preached by one of the King's Chaplains, from Acts xvii. 22, 23. In the afternoon the gates were kept ſhut, and at nine o'clock the keys were taken to the Governor.

The Tower gates are uſually locked up every night at eleven o'clock; and when a State priſoner is in the Tower, it is cuſtomary to ſhut them at ten; but they have been ſhut every night ſince Lord George Gordon has been there at nine or half paſt nine o'clock at the fartheſt.

On Saturday morning his Lordſhip was removed from the houſe of the Governor, General Gore, to that occupied by Alderman Croſby when he was a priſoner. Mr Boquet, Mr Burford, and Mr Foden, Yeomen, or Wardens, were appointed to attend him, and a centinel was placed at the door of houſe.

Previous to his Lordſhip's examination, a horſe piſtol was found upon him, which was taken away, as was alſo his ſword, both which he had brought from his houſe.

The ſame morning, about five o'clock, Mr Fiſher, Secretary to the Proteſtant Aſſociation, was apprehended at his houſe in Goulſton-ſquare, Whitechapel, by Juſtice Staples, and was carried to the Tower, eſcorted by a ſtrong guard, under the direction of Lord Fielding, and fixed a priſoner in the houſe of Mr Kinghorne, gentleman goaler, where he remained until the evening, when he was conveyed in a hackney coach, attended by Mr Boquet, one of the wardens before mentioned, to the Secretary of State's office, where a Privy Council was ſitting. Mr Fiſher underwent a long examination, but nothing appearing prejudicial either to his character, the Committee, or Aſſociation, he was honourably diſmiſſed, and the Warden returned home without him.

No perſons whatever are permitted to viſit Lord George Gordon in the Tower; his brother Lord William, and a friend with him, are ſaid to have been there on Sunday laſt; his Lordſhip appeared at the window of his apartment, from which a reciprocal ſalute took place.

The proceedings againſt a certain Lord now in cuſtody in the Tower, will, it is whiſpered, be by articles of impeachment preferred againſt him in the Houſe of Commons, as a Member, for unlawful proceedings in ſummoning meetings contrary to common uſage, and the ſtatute in ſuch caſes made and provided.

On Saturday ſome of the Committee belonging to the Proteſtant Aſſociation waited on Lord North, and were politely received, offering, if they had done any thing contrary to the laws of this realm, to reſign themſelves up; and we are happy to find his Lordſhip told them, no charges whatever were deſigned to be brought againſt either the Secretary, the Committee, or the Aſſociation. This, it is hoped, will help to abate the wrath that has been poured on the Aſſociators in general. They alſo ſhewed his Lordſhip the copy of a letter, deſigned to be printed, ſetting the matter in a true light, and which received his Lordſhip's approbation.

We are happy to find, on a ſtrict enquiry, that the loſs of lives by the neceſſary interpoſition of the military, does not exceed 56.—Near 300 of the rioters are already ſecured, who will be tried next week before the ſpecial Commiſſioners.

It is aſtoniſhing to think that ſo ſmall a number of men ſhould have been guilty of ſo much miſchief, and capable of putting the metropolis into ſo thorough a conſternation. It is ſaid, that there were not more fifty men concerned in ſetting fire to the Fleet priſon, and not a hundred in the deſtruction of Newgate.

EDINBURGH.

Extract of a letter from London, June 13.

"You will not, I dare ſay, be unhappy to hear, that we are now without any news whatſoever. The tumults ſeem to have totally ceaſed, and common reaſon has again aſſumed her empire. There are, however, ſtill ſome among us who have ſo far loſt themſelves, as to rebel againſt that empreſs; but their temerity and madneſs will, there is little doubt, lead them to their deſtruction. A perſon of ſome conſequence in the medical world, though not a regular phyſician, was this evening conveyed to priſon by a ſtrong party of Guards, on ſuſpicion of having been an active promoter of the late inſurrection. Many of the rioters are almoſt hourly apprehended, and there now appears a tolerable proſpect of reſcuing the Proteſtant religion from that infamous ſtigma which thoſe perſons who called themſelves *Proteſtant aſſociators*, had near fixed on it.

"The conduct of ſome gentlemen in oppoſition, during the riots at the Houſes of Parliament, is not a little curious. In order to carry to perfection that animoſity which they once flattered themſelves with having raiſed between this country and yours, if I may be allowed ſuch a diſtinction, they very induſtriouſly attempted to impreſs the public with an idea, as improbable as it was impolitic—that the riots which we have of late experienced, were produced by a Scots mob, as they were pleaſed to term it, becauſe they were headed by a Scots fanatic. The illiberality of this aſſertion muſt at once render its propagators obnoxious to every thinking mind, and produce a ſovereign contempt for the men who are ſo far loſt to every ſenſe of loyalty, as to endeavour, at this perilous moment eſpecially, to create national diſcord and inveteracy, by a declaration ſo groundleſs, ſo ridiculous, and ſo abſurd.

To contend, that becauſe a Scotſman was at the head of an aſſociation inſtituted in London, from which the tumults originated, the actors in the tumults muſt alſo be Scots, is a piece of logic which none but a *modern patriot* could ſurely have made uſe of, and which I think requires no argument to controvert.

"The trial of Lord George Gordon, it is believed, will come on either on Tueſday or Wedneſday next. The public curioſity is very great with reſpect to the fate of that noble Lord; and although ſome, who ſuppoſe his Lordſhip to have been the intentional cauſe of our confuſions, are much prejudiced againſt him, yet the greater part of the town ſeem to lament the preſent ſituation of a man, whoſe general conduct has not only been undeſerving cenſure, but amiable.

"A letter from an Engliſh gentleman at Paris, dated June 7. and received yeſterday, has the following paragraph: "I rejoice at the ſucceſs of my friend Rodney. By the Gazette of France of yeſterday it appears, that the diſpatches of the Comte de Guichen are not yet come to hand." This, both from the date and manner of expreſſion, muſt allude to ſome later action than that which was the ſubject of the laſt extraordinary Gazette.

"The following was ſent to Bath the day after the riot happened in that city:

Adjutant-General's Office, 7th June, 1780.

ORDERS.

"In obedience to an order of the King in Council,

"The military to act without waiting for directions from the civil
"Magiſtrates, and to uſe force for diſperſing the illegal and tumul-
"tuous aſſemblies of the people.

"WM. AMHERST, Adjutant-General."

Extract of a letter from a Gentleman in Bath to his friend in London, dated June 10.

"——— The ſpirit of deſtructive imitation hath ſpread itſelf rapidly from your city to ours. A number of diſorderly perſons aſſembled laſt night about twilight, and increaſing their force as they went forward, formed a body of ſeveral hundred people before nine o'clock in the evening; at which time they beſet the new Roman Catholic chapel, a very elegant building juſt finiſhed. In leſs than an hour they gutted both it and [redacted] houſe of the Roman Catholic miniſter adjoining; and throwing the furniture, even to the wainſcotting, out into the ſtreet, ſet it on fire. Arouſed by this behaviour, the magiſtrates and ſome of our citizens interpoſed their authority, but without any effect. The Bath Volunteers alſo drew up in our defence, to as little purpoſe; for by this time the rabble was too numerous and fierce to brook the feeble oppoſition of a few undiſciplined young perſons; and a man being ſhot near ſome of the ringleaders, it was impoſſible to appeaſe their fury. They immediately ſet fire to the ſhell of the chapel, and to a whole range of contiguous buildings, all of which were reduced to the bare walls before two o'clock in the morning. After this they remained ſilent ſpectators of this horrid ſcene, and ſeemed to gaze upon it with a ſavage joy. They diſperſed about four o'clock, vowing vengeance againſt another place of Romiſh worſhip, and ſeveral houſes of

Catholic families; but as the execution of this threat I hope they will be prevented; for three troops of brave-looking fellows are marched to our assistance. The inhabitants and they have settled the several arrangements of the night with great prudence, and all seems to promise us a return of good order and tranquillity; but I will keep this letter unclosed, so long as the post will admit, that you may receive the latest information; for every county account becomes now of consequence to the nation, whose true state should be transmitted to the metropolis. I must not forget to let you know, that a very well-intentioned, dispassionate, and humane hand-bill, by way of address to the multitude, has been distributed since noon, and is now in every one's hand, and was just now read aloud in the market-place. It seems to assist the authority of the military, and is written so universally to *all parts* of this dislocated empire, that I send a copy for your perusal.

TO THE PEOPLE.

Christians, Fellow-Protestants, and Fellow-Creatures,

"With tears in my eyes, with a trembling hand, and a deeply-afflicted heart, I sit down to address you. I glory in the Protestant principles, and, if I were seriously called upon, would shed, like you, the last drop of my blood in their defence. But I am a lover of all the human race; and know that our gracious GOD, who is a GOD of PEACE, has connected me with the happiness and welfare of *all Mankind;* though we are, alas! too much divided amongst ourselves, in point of opinion. I wish we were all of one mind; but as that cannot be, let us have mercy *upon one another.* My fellow-creatures, I implore you to consider what some of you are about. It is not the destruction of a few public places that are obnoxious to you, which closes this scene of fury and devastation. Your friends, your relations, helpless children, decrepid old men, women in travail, and citizens, whose sickness prevents them from removing fast enough out of the path of fury, become the objects of your resentment, objects which never did you wrong, nor even opposed your religious sentiments.

"Last night, O Friends, fire and murder went hand in hand. I will never believe there was any predesigned intention to spill blood, in any one of your hearts—for, are you not Englishmen? And, I am very sure, it grieved the most exasperated of you, to see the poor affrighted people run along the streets with their pittances of property, attended by their shrieking wives and weeping children, who were necessitated, on account of your unprovoked displeasure, to seek for a night's lodging where-ever the hand of Charity could bestow it. Here is a sensation for a British bosom!

"Nor is this the worst—

"Our destruction at home creates fresh triumphs abroad. Our natural enemies behold us doing their work, and butchering each other, with a smile. Let them alone (say these scorners) and they will cut their own throats, when we shall take possession of their boasted empire, without once unsheathing our swords.—Nor King nor people will be safe: even our gracious Sovereign and the religion which he is born to support, and you, his beloved people, whose sacred privileges and principles he has in charge, may tumble into dust and ashes, like the buildings which were consumed last night, if you go on. Stop, then; in the awful name of the Omnipotent GOD, who looks on every action, *stop.* Leave him to settle the great account of religious justice—Let us not presume to snatch from his mighty arm the bolts of vengeance. Let us rather pray that those whom we may think wrong, may be set right; but let us not take on ourselves the *Divine authority.* We will pity, but not punish. We will direct our zeal into the proper channel. Our haughty foes shall feel its generous force——we will——

"But I need not enlarge upon it—the ruins of the night are, to be sure, shocking. There is not one of you, fellow Protestants, who can behold them this morning without a weeping eye and akeing heart. The Saviour who sealed our pardon by his precious blood, despises not the sorrow of your contrite spirits. His heavenly Father sees how much you are grieved. He is looking down upon you; he sees that al is again still; and he will contrive, in his own good time, to repair the injuries of those whom you have driven from their late peaceful habitations.

"Christians, we will henceforward deserve the name. The *Almighty* will punish those who disgrace him. Be it *ours* to do him honour in the humility of our hearts. We will serve our King, and raise our wretched country to what it lately was—the pride and envy of the universe—without bloodshed, without rage, or any other deadly sin.

"This is, I know, your resolution—God will bless you for it—You have wives, children, friends. They shall all be blessed, and I shall not only glory in owning you for Protestants, but should die too happy were I to fall the moment the public tranquility was established, could I but flatter myself, in the remotest manner, that it was brought about by the means of this address; being sincerely, and without boasting,

A Christian, Protestant, Lover of his Kind, and Honest Man."

June 10. 1780.

"P. S. All is serene and quiet; so farewell."

Most of the papers in this town have announced the departure of the Duke of Gordon to London. We can, however, assure the public, that this is not the case, his Grace being at present doing duty with his regiment in Glasgow.

We are informed, that his Excellency General Mackay, Commander in Chief of the forces in Scotland, has received the same powers for quelling any tumults or riots in this country, as those with which Lord Amherst is vested in England.

The 7th regiment, or Queen's dragoons, will be reviewed in a field near Invereск, on Wednesday first, by his Excellency Lieutenant-General Mackay.

Mrs Boswell, wife of James Boswell, Esq; younger of Auchinleck, Advocate, was safely delivered of a daughter on Friday the 16th June inst.

Letters lately received from the East Indies bring accounts of the death of Mr William Hamilton, eldest son of the deceased Robert Hamilton, Esq; of Ardrie.

On the 15th current, died at Drimmie, John Gray of Balledgarno, Esq;

Yesterday morning, about three o'clock, the inhabitants of the New Town were greatly alarmed by repeated reports of musquetry. Upon enquiry, it was found, that some soldiers, who had been called from the Abbey guard, by some Excise officers, in order to assist them in seizing smuggled goods, of which they had received information, were in pursuit of a man upon horseback, whom they alledged was a smuggler, and at whom they fired several times, having chaced him the whole length of Prince's street, but without effect. Previous to this, whether through accident or design, we have not been able to learn, they shot a horse, which had been made fast to a place at the north end of the Bridge, where he was allowed to lie, in the greatest agony, during the whole of this day, owing to the owner not chusing to meddle with him, lest those who had given orders to fire might alledge he had killed the horse himself. We do not pretend to say, how far the Excise officers were justifiable in ordering the military to fire at all; but we cannot help thinking, that, to say no worse, it was highly improper not to use more caution in a populous city, where many passengers, or people looking out of the windows, in order to discover the reason of the firing, might have been killed, while there could be no great chance of a party on foot coming up with a man who was galloping from them at full speed.

On Thursday last, the University of Edinburgh conferred the degree of Doctor in Divinity on the Rev. Mr David Lamont, author of the *Sermons on the most Prevalent Vices.*

Wednesday, a presentation from the burgh of Rutherglen, to the Rev. Mr James Forelong, to be minister of that parish, was laid before the Presbytery of Glasgow; when the Presbytery ordered his call to be moderate on Thursday next.

The Bellona privateer, Capt. M'Lean, belonging to Glasgow, has sent into Port-Glasgow, Wednesday, a large Dutch brig, bound from St Domingo for Amsterdam, loaded with sugars and cotton. She belonged to a fleet of 31 sail, bound from St Domingo for Europe, and which were separated in a storm. The Bellona has gone in search of more of them.

The following ships were taken and ransomed by the D'Estisiac privateer of Dunkirk.

Veteran,	John Barclay,	Peterhead,	150 gs.
Success,	John Scotland,	Kincardine,	300
Lady Mary,	Charles Thomson,	Alloa,	260
Ja. and Margaret,	John Patrick,	Dundee,	230
Charming Nelly,	Alex. Paterson,	Sunderland,	150
Elizabeth,	Wm. Matthews,	Aberdeen,	115
Friendship,	James Skilloch,	Alloa,	300
Primrose,	James Primrose,	Torryburn,	425
Empress,	Jacob Whalley,	Hull,	800
Swan,	Daniel Sinclair,	Campbletown,	300

By the cutters Jackall and Alexander,

Elizabeth,	William Brown,	Aberdeen,	80
Swan,	Andrew Beall,	W. Wemyss,	210

CHARITY.

On opening the box placed at the door of the *Charity Work-House of West Kirk*, on Tuesday last, there were found in it, Three Guineas in gold, besides some silver and copper. The Managers of the Charity think it their duty to make this grateful acknowledgment of beneficence which, by concealing its authors, deserves a double tribute of respect. They perswade themselves, that examples of such delicate and disinterested charities will not be disregarded by the public.

CUSTOM-HOUSE, GREENOCK.

ARRIVED, JUNE 12—15.

The Bell, Boag, from Limerick, with goods; John, Ryburn, from Bristol, with ditto; Peggie, Lamont, from Lairn, with limestones; Lark, Hunter, from Easdale, with slatestones; Almaria, Dykes, from Pool, with clay, &c.; Mally, Mackellar, from Lochmelford, with timber; Spese Fortuna, Williamson, from Norway, with ditto, Mally and Jenny, Martin, from Tierce, with kelp; Newfriends, Campbell, from St Kitts, with tobacco and sugar.

The Jeanie, Macgill, from St Kitts, with tobacco, &c. to Port-Glasgow, a prize taken by the Belona privateer, laden with sugar and coffee, &c.

SAILED, 14.

The Gordon, Sabiston, for Dublin, with goods; Grizie, Bannantyne, from ditto, with ditto; Katty, Maclachlane, from Belfast, with ditto; Nancy, Leitch, from Londonderry, with ditto; Anne, Nielson, from St Augustine, with ditto.

Leith Shipping, June 14—17.

ARRIVED,

Success, Ferrier, from Carron, with goods; Betsey, Steedman, from Gottenburgh, with deals and iron; Allan, Turnbull, from Borrowstounness, with ashes; Janet, Fleming, from Fortrose, with Pork, &c.; Jean, Brown, from the Canal, in ballast; Agnes, Alexander; from Perth, with grain; Anne, Gowans, from Gourdan, with furniture; Peggie, Scott, from Dundee, with grain; and some vessels with coals. Wind, W.

ROYAL BANK, EDINBURGH, JUNE 17. 1780.

THE Court of Directors of the Royal Bank of Scotland give notice, That the General Court of Proprietors, held the 6th inst. having declared a Dividend of Five and Half *per cent.* to be payable on their capital stock, for the half year ending at Mid-summer next; the same will begin to be paid to the Proprietors on Thursday the 13th July next; and so to continue thereafter at the usual hours of attendance at the Bank: And in order to settle the said dividend, no transfer of stock will be made from Thursday the 29th current, to Thursday the said 13th July next, both inclusive.

ARCHD. HOPE, Secretary.

DIAPERS and TABLE-LINEN.

JOHN NEALL and SON, at their ware-house, lower end of the City Guard, Edinburgh, have just got to hand, of this year's bleach, a large and complete assortment of DIAPERS, 3-4ths, 5-4ths, and 6-4ths wide. Damask and Diaper Tea-Towels and Table-Cloths, all sizes, which they are now selling on the lowest terms, for ready money.

J. Neall and Son continue to receive weekly supplies of the newest patterns in Printed Cottons and Muslins, with every other article in the Silk, Linen, and Haberdashery Trade.

They will continue to make it their study to serve their customers with goods of the best fabric, and upon the lowest terms.

CONSIGNED CHESHIRE CHEESE.

TO be SOLD, by John Maclean, at his Warehouse, near the Glass-house, Leith, a quantity of exceeding fine CHESHIRE CHEESE, at a reasonable rate.

Proper allowance will be made to merchants, who buy to sell over again.

COMMISSION IN THE ARMY.

TO be SOLD, A CORNETCY in the Third Regiment of Horse, or Carabineers, in Ireland. Apply to Alexander Abercrombie writer to the signet, Edinburgh, or Robert Barclay writer in Glasgow. Not to be repeated.

This day is published,

By WILLIAM CREECH,

SERMONS.

BY HUGH BLAIR.

VOLUME SECOND.——THE FOURTH EDITION.

ALSO,

In the Press, and speedily will be published,

The NINTH EDITION of Dr BLAIR'S SERMONS, VOLUME I.

The following BOOKS are just published, and sold at WILLIAM CREECH's shop at the Cross.

1. Coxe's Account of the Russian Discoveries between Asia and America; to which is added, the Conquest of Siberia; with fine copperplates. 4to.
2. Irwin's Voyage up the Red Sea, and on the Coasts of Arabia and Egypt; also, a Route through the Desarts of Thebais; with Maps and Cuts. 4to.
3. Memoirs of the Life of Garrick, 2 vols.
4. Letters on Iceland in the year 1772, with Plates.
5. Marshall's Experiments and Observations concerning Agriculture.
6. Burgoyne's Expedition from Canada, a new edition, 8vo. with fine Copperplates.
7. Dodsley's Collection of Old Plays, a new Edit. 12 vols.
8. Crazy's Tales, a new Edition, with Plates.
9. Keat's Sketches from Nature, 2 vols.
10. The Sorrows of Werter, 2 vols. New Edition.
11. Howard's State of the Prisons, a new Edition, 8vo. with eleven fine Copperplates.
12. The Shipwreck, a Poem, new Edition.
13. The Prints of Admiral Keppel's Freedom Box.

ALSO, just received, a very large Collection of ATLASSES, Maps mounted and in sheets, Plans, and Books of Roads, &c. &c.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE Trustee appointed for the Creditors of ROBERT HARDIE, late tenant in Sturton, finding it inconvenient for him to act any longer in that capacity; and being desirous of making a surrender of Robert Hardie's effects intromitted with by him, he therefore desires the creditors of the said Robert Hardie, or persons properly authorised by them, to meet in the house of David Methuen vintner in Cupar of Fife, upon Thursday the 29th day of June instant, in order to chuse another trustee or trustees in his place, and to receive what of the funds and papers of said Robert Hardie he may have in his hands, and to discharge him of his intromissions therewith.

PANTHEON.

THE SOCIETY hereby intimate, That they have adjourned their public meetings to the *first* Thursday of *October* next; previous to which, the question then to be debated will be advertised in this paper.

STATE LOTTERY for IRELAND,

Granted by Government for this present year.

THREE THOUSAND ONE HUNDRED and THIRTY-FOUR Pounds, to be gained by the purchasers of the 1413 Chances, at Five Shillings, at Two Shillings and Sixpence, and at One Shilling each,

SOLD by JAMES MASON,

At his China Warehouse, Bridge-street, Edinburgh;

Who sold more fortunate numbers in Lottery 1777 than ever were sold in Scotland for any one Lottery either before or since.

THE PURCHASERS OF CHANCES WILL BE ENTITLED

To L.	At 5 s.	To L.	At 2 s. 6 d.	To L.	At 1 s.	If drawn either of the 2 top 5000 l. prizes.
300	0 0	150	0 0	50	0 0	
150	0 0	50	0 0	20	0 0	
50	0 0	20	0 0	10	0 0	
25	0 0	10	0 0	5	0 0	2 5,000
12	0 0	5	0 0	2	0 0	5 3,000
3	10 0	1	10 0	0	10 0	10 1,000
1	1 0	0	10 0	0	5 0	16 500
0	10 0	0	5 0	0	2 6	100 100
0	5 0	0	3 0	0	1 0	300 50
0	3 0	0	2 6	0	0 6	20
0	2 6	0	1 0	0	0 3	any of the first drawn the first five days.
0	1 0	0	0 6	0	0 1	half drawn.

Likewise Tickets and Shares in great variety of Numbers.

	Price	may gain L.
A Ticket	L. 5 0 0	11,000
A Half	2 10 0	5,500
A Fourth	1 7 0	2,750
An Eighth	0 14 0	1,375
A Sixteenth	0 7 6	687 10 s.
A Chance	0 3 6	323
Ditto	0 2 6	130
Ditto	0 1 0	55

Lottery begins drawing the 24th June. Not two blanks to a prize.

N. B. Letters, Post paid, duly answered, and schemes gratis.

Correspondents in the country will please observe, that no returns of Chances will be received after the 30th current, except from places north of this, which must be by first opportunity after the said 30th curt. not to exceed the 5th July.

DESERTED,

From a Recruiting Party of Colonel Fullerton's Regiment at Ayr,

CHARLES M'AFFE, born in the parish of M'Lushie, county of Down in Ireland, 22 years of age, 5 feet 10 inches high, by trade a blacksmith, dark complection, black hair, brown eyes; had on when he deserted a blue duffle great coat, a black coat and vest. He had with him a very handsome wench, with fair hair and well dressed, whom he called his wife.

DANIEL M'AFFE, born in the same parish and county, 16 years of age, 5 feet 6 inches high, by trade a weaver, black hair, brown eyes, dark complection; had on a blue duffle coat and vest, and buckskin breeches.

PATRICK M'GHIE, born in the same parish and county, 20 years of age, 5 feet 11 inches high, by trade a weaver, dark complection, black hair, brown eyes, and much pitted with the small pox; had on a black coat and vest, and buckskin breeches.

Whoever apprehends the above deserters, or any of them, and secures them in any of his Majesty's goals, shall have ONE GUINEA of reward, over and above what is allowed by act of Parliament, by applying to William Fullerton, Esq; of Rosemount, or Captain Finlayson, North Fencible regiment.

By Order of the Managers of the Charity Work-house of Edinburgh.

THAT the DUNG of said House is to be exposed by public roup, upon Wednesday next, being the 21st day of June, at four o'clock afternoon, at the hall of said house, and that for one year, viz. from the 1st of July 1780, to the 30th of June 1781 years inclusive.

LANDS TO SELL.

THE Estate of CASTLEHILL, in the County of Caithness, comprehending the Towns and Lands of Castlehill, Gerth, Harland, and others. This estate consists of above 840 acres of ground, about two thirds of which are arable, of an excellent quality. The Lands abound in marle, most conveniently situated. There are likewise great quantities of sea-weed, or ware, and shell sand, quite adjacent to the cornfields on the north side, to which there is very easy access; and stones of the best qualities may be quarried in almost every part of the estate, with little trouble or expence. In an arm of the sea, interjected betwixt this estate and *Dunnet Head*, there is salmon and herring fisheries; and the salmon are caught within two hundred yards of the mansion-house. On the shores of the estate some kelp may also be made. The mansion-house and offices are all new, large, and commodious. The estate has also an interest in a very rich and extensive adjacent common, a considerable part of which, on a division, will fall to the proprietor of it.

James Horne, writer in Edinburgh, will satisfy as to the title-deeds, show a plan of the estate, and has powers to conclude with a purchaser; and Mr Donald Macleod sheriff-substitute of Caithness, at Murkle, can also inform as to further particulars.

TO BE SOLD.

THESE HOUSES and SUBJECTS on the west side of the Potter-row Street, possessed by Alexander Macniel, David Imrie, James Steel, Mrs Dick, and others.

They pay at present 17 l. Sterling of yearly rent, and are very proper for building on, as they front the entry to Nicholson's Street, by which any tenement or building to be erected will be well lighted, and have good access.

The title-deeds are in the hands of Lachlan Duff writer to the signet, who is impowered to conclude a bargain.

KEIR BLEACHFIELD 1780.

CHARLES STIRLING bleaches all Plain Lines, yard-wide or under, wrought in a

	Per Yard.		Per Yard.
900 reed,	2½ d.	Narrow Tweelings and Diapers, Satinets, Cambrics, and long	
10 and 1100,	3		
12 and 1300,	3½		
14 and 1500,	4	Lawns,	3½
16 and all above,	4½	Damasks,	4½

Sheetings, Broad Damasks and Diapers at reasonable rates.

CLOTH for this Field is taken in at Edinburgh by Bailie John Lothian merchant New Exchange, and Edward Ramage merchant New Town; Robert Williamson shop-keeper, Shore of Leith; Miss Glasford, Borrowstounness; Alexander Lang merchant, Linlithgow; Alexander Fleming linen-manufacturer, Kirkliston; David Rule weaver, Falkirk; James Johnston merchant, Alloa; John Wilson merchant, Dunfermline; Alexander Goodlet vintner, Mid Calder; Miss Glass, Stirling; Patrick Geddes manufacturer, Culross; Robert Rentoul merchant, Kincardine; John White weaver, Crieff; and at the Bleachfield. At all which places receipts will be given.

To be SOLD by Private Contract.

The Sloop GOOD INTENT, of Eymouth (now employed in the coasting trade), British built, burden 45 tons, on a small draught of water, hull and materials in good condition, and sails without balast.

Any person inclining to purchase will write to John Galbreath, Shipmaster in Eymouth, the owner, who will treat on the matter, and produce inventaries, and credit will be given for part of the value for six months, on security.

PLACE FOR ERECTING A DISTILLERY

To be FEUED, or LET, and entered to at Martinmas next,

THAT Farm of REDHEUGH, presently possessed by Thomas Dunlop, upon the west of Blackburn Bridge, south side of the river Almond, adjoining the great road to Glasgow. This is perhaps one of the most eligible places in Scotland for a large distillery, having the command of river and spring water; and a proper place for erecting a mill, for malting, and quarries in the neighbourhood.

More land adjoined to be feued or let.

For particulars, enquire at Mr Middleton the proprietor, at Mosshall, Robert Auld writer in Edinburgh, or John Johnston writer in Bathgate.

A FARM TO BE LET.

TO be LET for such number of years as can be agreed upon, and entered to at Martinmas next,

The Farm of TARREREOCH, in the parish of Bathgate and shire of Linlithgow, consisting of about 160 acres of ground, with a Dwelling-house, offices, and other conveniencies. If let betwixt and the end of July next, the tenant may have an opportunity of purchasing the Stocking and crop presently on the farm, at a moderate price.

James Faichney at Tarrereoch will show the premisses.

For particulars, apply to John Tawse writer in Edinburgh.

JUDICIAL SALE,

TO be SOLD, by public roup, under authority of the Lords of Council and Session, within the Parliament or New Session-House of Edinburgh, upon Tuesday the 27th of June curt. between the hours of 4 and 6 afternoon, the SUBJECTS after-menioned, which belonged to William Hunter of Clerkington, sometime merchant in Dumfries, in the following Lots, viz.

LOT I.

All and Whole the LANDS and BARONY of CLERKINGTON, comprehending the several Farms, Mains, Teinds, and others thereto belonging, all lying within the parish and county of Haddington.

	Sterling.	
The free proven rent of the said lands, after all deductions, and exclusive of the miln-rent amounts to	L. 374 8 11	
Which, at 25 years purchase, the upset price put thereon by the Lords, amounts to		L. 9360 13 5
The free proven miln-rent of said lands is	55 0 0	
Which, at 14 years purchase, the upset price put thereon by the Lords, amounts to		720 0 0
Total free rent,	L. 429 8 11	
Total upset price of the lands and barony of Clerkington,		L. 10080 13 5

These lands, pleasantly situated by the river Tyne, within half a mile of Haddington, and twelve miles of Edinburgh, abound with all the natural beauties that wood and water can afford. They hold blench of the Crown, stand valued in the cess-books at 530 l. 14 s. 2 d. Scots, and entitle the proprietor to vote for, or be elected member of Parliament for the county. The proprietor has also right to the teinds.

Upon the premises is a genteel mansion-house, lately built, not yet finished within, consisting of nine fire-rooms, besides the sunk and garret storeys.—The Garden, containing four acres of fine rich soil, is well stocked with fruit-trees of the best kinds, and partly surrounded by a brick wall ten feet high, and through the whole length of the garden runs a canal of fine clear water, fourteen feet broad.

The several mills on the estate were lately built, and fitted up in a most substantial manner. The new miln, erected within these ten years at a very considerable expence, contains machinery for a meal, flour, and barley miln, and was at first let at 40 l. per annum, although, owing to the present general stagnation in trade, it is just now set at 10 l. But, as the lease on this miln expires a year hence, a considerable rise, if not the old rent, may be expected. By tack on the dovecoat-shot, the rent thereof rises 3 l. a-year for the last nine years of the lease.

The planting on the estate is of considerable value. The timber fit for cutting was by a person of skill estimate two years ago at about 500 l. Sterling, besides some young planting which is in a thriving condition.——Some of the old trees are perhaps the finest and largest in Scotland.

About 80 acres of the lands are presently out of lease, the greatest part whereof are let below 10 s. per acre, and about 50 l. a-year below what the last tacksman paid for them. But, as these lands, and the whole estate, are surrounded with coal and lime, and are so much in the vicinity of Haddington, where there is great command of dung, they are capable of the highest improvement; and there is no doubt, upon a lease, but these lands presently in the proprietor's possession will set at their former, if not an advanced rent.—This estate, about nine years ago sold for 1400 l. above the present upset price.

LOT II.

All and Whole the Lands of KILLYWARREN and PARK, with the pertinents, lying within the parish of Tynron, and county of Dumfries,

The total gross rent of these lands is	L. 47 0 0	
And, after all deductions, the upset-price thereof, stock, and teind put thereon by the Lords is,		L. 934 15 3

These Lands lie about twelve miles above Dumfries, hold feu of the Duke of Queensberry for payment of 3 s. 4 d. of feu-duty, and are delightfully situated in a pleasant valley, which is watered by the Shinnel, and finely fringed with natural woods. Any person fond of retirement, or of the rural diversions of fishing and hunting, cannot be more agreeably accommodated. The surrounding hills abound with game, the rivers with trout, and upon the premises is a little villa suited to the estate.

LOT III.

SEVERAL HOUSES and TENEMENTS, lying in the town of Dumfries, belonging to the said William Hunter. The free proven rent whereof is L. 48 14 0

Which, at 13 years purchase, the upset price put thereon by the Lords, amounts to, L. 632 5 6

If not sold in one lot, these houses will be exposed in the following lots or parcels:

PARCEL I. The Houses possessed by John Haining, Jean Blackstock, John Gillespie, Benjamin Dawson, and William Gibson; the free yearly rent whereof is L. 11 5 10½

Which, at 13 years purchase, the Lords price, amounts to 145 10 4½

PARCEL II. The House possessed by Alice Miller and James Wells; the free rent whereof is 11 9 10½

At 13 years purchase as above, is 149 8 4½

PARCEL III. The House possessed by David Dinwiddie; the free yearly rent whereof is 7 19 11

At 13 years purchase, as above, is 103 8 11

PARCEL IV. The House possessed by John Coulter; the free yearly rent whereof is 8 19 11

At 13 years purchase is 116 18 11

PARCEL V. The House possessed by Robert Ramsay writer; the free yearly rent whereof is 8 19 11

At 13 years purchase amounts to 116 18 11

Total upset price of the urban tenements, L. 632 5 6

These Houses and tenements hold of the town of Dumfries, for payment of 6 d. of feu annual yearly. They were all lately and substantially built, are conveniently and centrically situated for business, and partly front the high street of Dumfries.

The title-deeds of the several subjects above mentioned are quite clear, and, together with the articles and condition of sale, may be seen in the hands of Thomas Bruce depute-clerk of Session, or of James Saunders writer to the signet, Castlehill; to whom any person wanting information as to other particulars may apply.

JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD, by authority of the Court of Session, in virtue of an Act of Parliament obtained for that purpose, upon Wednesday the 5th day of July next, betwixt the hours of 4 and 6 afternoon, in the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, before the Lord Ordinary on the Bills,

THE FOLLOWING TEN FARMS,

Parts of the Lands and Barony of PRIMROSE, in the county of Edinburgh, either together or in Lots, viz.

The Lands of BLACKHOPE, lying in the parish of Herriot; and the Land of CAULDHALL, PRIMROSEMUIR, EDGELAW, STONEFAULDHILL, CAPPILAW, SHIELS OF CAPPIELAW, FANSQUARTER, REDSIDE, and FATLIPS, lying in the parish of Primrose.

The proven rental and value of these Farms are as follow:

1. BLACKHOPE.—Gross rent,	L. 120 0 0		
Deductions,	1 19 3 4-12ths		
Free rent,		L. 118 0 8 8-12ths	
Value at 20 years purchase,			L. 2360 14 5 8-12ths
2. CAULDHALL.—Gross rent,	L. 60 0 0		
Deductions,	3 2 1 6-12ths		
Free rent,		L. 56 17 10 6-12ths	
Value at 20 years purchase,			L. 1137 17 6
3. PRIMROSEMUIR.—Gross rent,	L. 15 15 0		
Deductions,	0 16 3 9-12ths		
Free rent,		L. 14 18 8 3-12ths	
Value at 20 years purchase,			L. 298 13 9
4. EDGELAW.—Gross rent,	L. 65 0 0		
Deductions,	3 7 3 9-12ths		
Free rent,		L. 61 12 8 3-12ths	
Value at 20 years purchase,			L. 1232 13 9
5. STONEFAULDHILL.—Gross rent,	L. 80 0 0		
Deductions,	4 2 10		
Free rent,		L. 75 17 2	
Value at 20 years purchase,			L. 1517 3 4
6. CAPIELAW.—Gross rent,	L. 60 0 0		
Deductions,	3 2 1 6-12ths		
Free rent,		L. 56 17 10 6-12ths	
Value at 20 years purchase,			L. 1137 17 6
7. SHIELLS OF CAPPIELAW.—Gross rent,	L. 40 0 0		
Deductions,	2 1 5		
Free rent,		L. 37 18 7	
Value at 20 years purchase,			L. 758 11 8
8. FANSQUARTER.—Gross rent,	L. 76 15 2 10-12ths		
Deductions,	3 19 6		
Free rent,		L. 72 15 8 10-12ths	
Value at 22 years purchase,			L. 1601 6 2 4-12ths
9. REDSIDE.—Gross rent,	L. 80 0 0		
Deductions,	4 2 10		
Free rent,		L. 75 17 2	
Value at 20 years purchase,			L. 1517 3 4
10. FATLIPS.—Gross rent,	L. 10 10 0		
Deductions,	0 10 10 6-12ths		
Free rent,		L. 9 19 1 6-12ths	
Value at 20 years purchase,			L. 199 2 6
Total free rents,		L. 500 15 7 6-12ths	
Total value of the Ten Farms,			L. 11761 3 11 8-12ths

The progress of writs, with the articles and conditions of sale, will be seen in the hands of Alexander Stevenson depute clerk of Session, and of Samuel Mitchelson jun. clerk to the signet; and Alexander Tweedie, at Primrose, will show the farms.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS.

THE Creditors of CHARLES BARCLAY MAITLAND, of Tillicoultry, having met on the 14th current, they adjourned to Monday the 26th current, and appointed a second meeting to be held that day, in the Exchange coffee-house, at one o'clock, when it is hoped the creditors or their doers will attend.

LANDS IN THE WEST OF FIFE TO BE SOLD.

TO be SOLD, by public voluntary roup, within the British Coffee-house, in Edinburgh, upon Wednesday the 5th July next, betwixt the hours of four and six afternoon,

The Lands of NORTHER STRATHRUDIE, with the teinds and pertinents thereof, lying within the parish of Auchterderran, and shire of Fife, about a mile or thereby south-west of Kinglassie, and within four miles of Kirkcaldie, and near the same distance from Kinghorn and Burntisland. These lands consist of about 128 Scots acres, mostly arable, and partly inclosed, are of a very good soil, lie smooth and contigue, exceedingly proper for inclosures and improvements of any kind, having been lately divided, and the marches streighted with the neighbouring heritors with that view, in which considerable progress has already been made by the proprietor, in whose natural possession it has been for some years past, and lies in the neighbourhood of coal and lime and free-stone.

The purchaser's entry is to be at Martinmas next; and the progress of writs, and conditions of sale are to be seen in the hands of Thomas Rattray writer in Edinburgh. The grounds will be shown by the servants on the farm.

BY ADJOURNMENT.

To be SOLD by judicial roup, within the Parliament or New Session House of Edinburgh, before the Lord Ordinary on the bills for the time, upon Thursday the 29th day of June curt. between the hours of two and four afternoon,

THE Lands of CRAMUNICHAN, extending to a three merk land of old extent. The Lands of the two LINSAIGS, extending to a six merk land of old extent; and the MILL of LINDSAIG, Mill Lands, Astricted Multures, and sequels thereof, lying in the Lordship of Cowal and shire of Argyle, and which belonged to Duncan Ochiltree merchant in Inverary.

The free proven rental of these lands, after deduction of the public burdens, amounts to 66 l. 12 s. 6-12ths Sterling; and the upset price will be 1665 l. 1 s. 6-12ths Sterling.

The articles and conditions of roup, with the title-deeds, are to be seen in the office of Mr John Callendar, Depute Clerk of Session; or in the hands of James Fenier, writer to the signet.

For Strains, Bruises, Wounds, Burns, Ulcers, Old Sores, &c.

THE UNIVERSAL BALSAMIC CALLED

SAMARITAN WATER;

For which his Majesty hath been pleased to grant his Royal Letters Patent.

THIS Medicine, which, from its most extraordinary Balsamic Qualities, hath been denominated *The Water of the Good Samaritan*, is by far the most excellent remedy ever yet discovered for all the above-mentioned disorders, never failing to give relief, performing cures in half the time commonly required, and even where every other means have been tried in vain. It is infinitely preferable to Arquebusade Water, or Oppodeldoc for Strains and Bruises, greatly exceeds either Friar's or any other Balsam for the Cure of Wounds, heals very speedily the most inveterate Old Sores, and Ulcers, gives immediate ease in Burns and Scalds, and perfectly cures the St Anthony's Fire, Shingles, Tetters, Boils, Whitlows, Hard Swellings of the breast, and every kind of painful and inflammatory Tumour in a few days. It is also an infallible remedy for sharp scorbutic Eruptions, particularly for that obstinate complaint a Scald Head; in short, there is scarcely any external complaint in which it will not be found the best application that can be made use of.

Sold by appointment of the patentee, by Messr. HUSBAND, ELDER, and CO. ONLY in Edinburgh; and may be had of the principal shopkeepers in most of the considerable towns in England and Scotland.

At the same places are likewise sold, Mr Greenough's PECTORAL LOZENGES OF TOLU, which are the pleasantest and most effectual remedy of the kind in all Coughs, Hoarsenesses, sore Throats, and Defluxions on the Lungs, healing the Rawness and Sorcness of the Breast, promoting the Expectoration of the tough Phlegm, and affording great relief in Asthmatic complaints, and shortness of breath. Price 1 s. the box.

*** The Public are requested to observe, that none are genuine but what have the following inscription on the lid of the Box: PECTORAL LOZENGES FROM BALSAM OF TOLU, prepared by T. GREENOUGH, Chymist and Apothecary, No. 10. on Ludgate Hill, LONDON.

ALSO, Mr GREENOUGH's TINCTURES FOR THE TEETH, SCURVY IN THE GUMS, AND TOOTHACH.

SALE OF LANDS IN AYRSHIRE.

TO be SOLD by public roup, upon Friday the 21st of July 1780, betwixt the hours of five and six afternoon, in the house of John Mackenzie vintner in Ayr.

The FARM of BRAEHEAD, lying in the parish of St Quirox, within a measured mile of the town of Ayr, and extending along the banks of the water of Ayr.

The farm, which is of an excellent soil, and in the highest state of cultivation, consists of about 80 acres, all inclosed and subdivided. The whole lands abound with coal, which may be wrought to great advantage, being near the harbour of Ayr.

There is an elegant modern house upon the lands, consisting of nine fire rooms, beside closets, kitchen, and cellars, with suitable office-houses, all mostly new, and in good condition. There is also an orchard, consisting of between two and three acres, and containing a great variety of excellent fruit trees. The house is pleasantly situated on the banks of the water of Ayr, and has a commanding prospect of that beautiful river, and country adjacent.

The articles of roup and progress of writs are in the hands of Robert Aiken writer in Ayr, to whom, or the proprietor at Braehead, any person inclining to purchase by private bargain may apply before the day of sale.

SALE of LANDS in the CARSE OF GOURIE.

To be SOLD by public voluntary roup, within the Exchange Coffee-house in Edinburgh, on Wednesday the 12th day of July next, between the hours of five and six afternoon,

THE Lands and Estate of, PITFOUR, comprehending the lands of Pitfour, Cairney, and Dungreen, with the patronage of the kirk of St Madois, and very extensive and valuable Salmon-fishings in the river Tay, lying in the parish of St Madoes and shire of Perth. The grounds are of the very best quality, pleasantly situated on the banks of the river Tay, within five miles of Perth, are let to substantial tenants, at easy rents; the free yearly income of the lands is about 555 l. sterl. The fishings are set in a seven years lease, to substantial merchants in Perth, at the yearly rent of 250 l. which rent they gave in a lease for seven years lately expired, and now renewed for other seven years to the former tacksmen. The lands afford a freehold qualification in the county of Perth; and there is a considerable quantity of fine timber on the estate, besides a wood of large extent, a valuable orchard and pigeon-house.

The title deeds, which are clear, the tacks of the farms, articles of sale, and a plan of the estate, may be seen in the hands of William Leslie writer to the signet, to whom any person inclining to purchase by private bargain may apply.

JUDICIAL SALE.

TO be SOLD, by authority of the Court of Session, upon Friday the 14th day of July 1780, betwixt the hours of four and six o'clock afternoon, in the Parliament or New Session-house of Edinburgh, before the Lord Ordinary on the Bills,

The UNENTAILED SUBJECTS which belonged to the deceased JAMES CAMPBELL of Blythswood, consisting of

I. HOUSES and YARDS at Clayslop, part of the Lands of Nether Newtoun, lying in the Barony parish of Glasgow, and shire of Lanark, the proven rental whereof is - - L. 11 0 0

II. Yearly FEU-DUTIES, payable by the subvassals in the said lands of Nether Newtoun, the proven rental whereof is 29 10 4 1-12th

The Lands of Nether Newtoun hold feu of Sir John Maxwell of Pollock, for payment to, and relieving Sir John of the following feu-duties:

To Sir John, 2 s. Scots, *inde*, L. 0 0 2

To the College of Glasgow 6 bolls multure malt, and 6 bolls oat meal; which, converted at the annual proven conversion of 8 l. Scots per boll, is 8 0 0

Augmentation to the old rental, 0 0 0 6-12ths

8 0 2 6-12ths

Free rent, L. 21 10 1 7-12th

III. Acres and Roods of Land lying in the royalty and burgh of Renfrew, and holding burgage of the town of Renfrew, the proven yearly rental whereof is - - - 10 12 3

The first class being houses and yards, is valued at fourteen years purchase, and the second and third classes, being feu-duties and burgh acres, are valued at 20 years purchase; and the proven value and upset price of the whole subjects is - L. 803 8 03-12th

The title-deeds, rentals, and conditions of sale, will be seen in the hands of Mess. John Callander, depute clerk of Session, and George Clapperton writer in Edinburgh, at the house of the late Mr William Aytoun writer to the signet.

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